## BRYOPHYTAE INDOSINICAE

# LISTS OF WESTERN INDOCHINA MOSSES (Assam, Chittagong, Burma)

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#### Résumé

The author gives a list of mosses known from Western Indochina (Assam, Chittagong, Burma). It contains 66 genera and 440 species. The Malayan influences along the coast go up until the Ganges Delta.

Our knowledge of the Indochinese phytogeography is relatively poor comparing to that of the Indonesian, Indian and Philippine formations. The "Flore del'Indochine" is more a study of herbarium specimens than a research in this nature. It is only in the last fifteen years that the floristic works have been undertaken as those of J. VIDAL for Laos, M. SCHMID for South Vietnam and P. DY-PHON for maritime Cambodia.

The lack of knowledge of the vegetal formations in the Indochinese peninsula gives a false idea of the biogeographical delimitations, I think to the existence of a belt of the Philippines influence in the northern and the eastern part of Vietnam which limits do not correspond to those that the Dutch botanists established for the Malesian flora.

The bryophytes represent a sort of hiatus between the cormophytes and the thallophytes: their small size, their morphology, etc.... do not permit either the current herbarium work as for the cormophytes or the use of techniques as for fungi.

The bryophytes bring a good deal of problems by themselves; they are related to the cormophytes by their aerial characters and to the thallophytes by their protonema and asexual reproduction. However they present, after all, more evolutionary and biological interest than another classes of living beings. Hard to study, depending more on the microscopic than on the macroscopic examination and on a scattered

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literature, of which the best synthesis are written in German, the bryophytes are, often, unpleasant to the ordinary botanist.

We may accept that the list of mosses is an interesting contribution to the general knowledge of the flora and to the problems of evolution and biogeography.

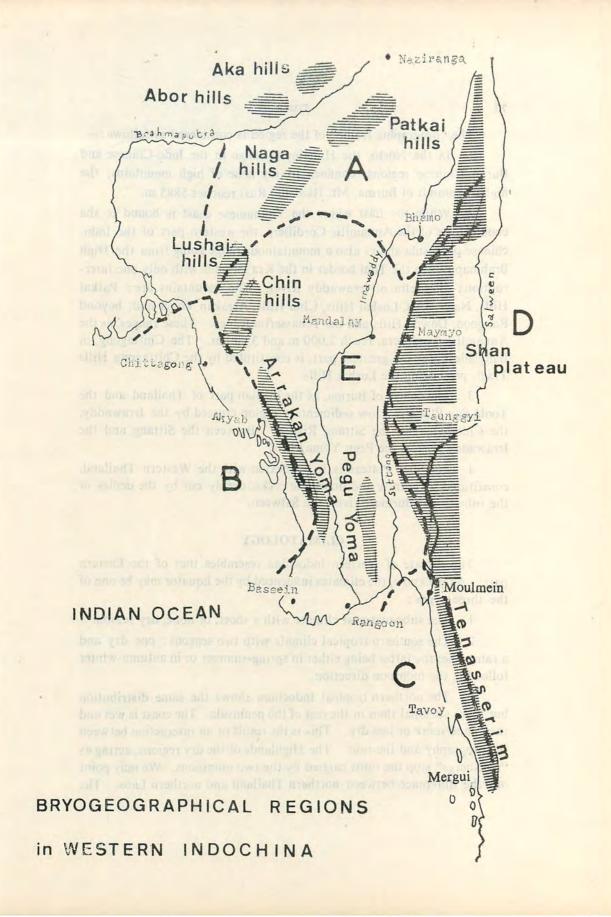
# WESTERN BIOGEOGRAPHICAL BOUNDARIES OF INDOCHINA (lato sensu)

Until recently the biogeographical boundaries have been subjected to the political frontiers. The "Flora of India" by Hooker contains Burmese and Malayan plants. The delimitation of the Indo-Pakistan subcontinent and of the South-East Asia after the Second World War helps to form our phytogeographical conceptions. If the biogeographical boundaries between India and Indochina should be established, the limit may be given by a line from the Ganges Delta to the high Brahmaputra and the Sino-Indian confine leaving aside the Khasia Hills region.

- I. The characteristic vegetal formation of the Central Indochina is the Dry Dipterocarp forest reaching the border of Chittagong while the Sal forest proper to India starts in the North of Dacca (Bangladesh).
- II. The forest of Chittagong spreads towards the lowland forest of the Indochinese peninsula. Dipterocarpus alatus constitues the essence of the somewhat ruined reserved forest of Southern Chittagong. Climatologically the coast from the Ganges Delta to Ranong in Thailand is very uniform; the rainfall grows from 3,000 mm/year in the North to 5,000 mm/year in the South.

#### OROGRAPHY OF THE REGION

Only a few data are available for Burma, a closed country even in the time of the Bristish Empire, and also a few references on its geology. The mosses are related to the climatic factors; relatively low temperatures and heavy rainfalls, that is, to the highlands or to the very wet coastal lowlands. We must remember that the mosses are more sensitive to the temperature than the liverworts.



The "orographic frame" of the region is considered as follows:-

- 1. In the North, the Himalayan range in the Indo-Chinese and Burmo-Chinese regions, confines to the zone of high mountains; the highest summit of Burma, Mt. Hkakabo Razi reaches 5885 m.
- 2. While the East where the Vietnamese coast is bound to the counterforts of the Annamitic Cordillera, the western part of the Indochinese peninsula shows also a mountainous range going from the High Brahmaputra to the Thai border in the Kra Isthmus with only one interruption: the delta of Irrawaddy River. The mountains are: Patkai Hills, Naga Hills, Lushai Hills, Chin Hills, Arrakan Yoma and, beyond Rangoon, Dawna Hills and the Tenasserim Range. These ranges, as the Annamitic Cordillera, reach 2,000 m and 3,000 m. The Chittagong, in Bangladesh, for the greatest part, is constituted by the Chittagong Hills Tract, preceeding the Lushai Hills.
- 3. The centre of Burma, as the median part of Thailand and the Tonlé Sap Plain, is a low sedimentary region crossed by the Irrawaddy, the Chindwin and the Sittang Rivers. Between the Sittang and the Irrawaddy uprises the Pegu Yoma Hills.
- 4. The Shan Plateau is, in connexion with the Western Thailand, constituted by granite and limestone rocks, deeply cut by the defiles of the other great Burmese river, the Salween.

#### CLIMATOLOGY

The climate of Western Indochina resembles that of the Eastern part. As we know, the climates influenced by the Equator may be one of the three types:

- 1. The subequatorial climate with a short, or none, dry season.
- 2. The southern tropical climate with two seasons: one dry and a rainy one; the latter being either in spring-summer or in autumn-winter following the monsoon direction.
- 3. The northern tropical Indochina shows the same distribution but more seasonal than in the rest of the peninsula. The coast is wet and the inland more or less dry. This is the result of an interaction between the orography and the rain. The Highlands of the dry regions, acting as "inselbergs" stop the rains carried by the two monsoons. We may point out the difference between northern Thailand and northern Laos. The

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rainfall in the first country with only "inselbergs" is of 800-1,200 mm/year while in the border of the western side of Tran Ninh Plateau, in the stations of Paksane and Vang Vieng the rainfall is of 3,000 mm/year. The dry Indochinese area approximatively from the Mekong Delta to the Chittagong Frontiers is broken by the mountains in the so-called "bassins" protected against the two monsoons by the hills. It is the case of Tonlé Sap Plain in Cambodia, between the Cardamones Range and the South Annamitic Range, that of Korat Plateau between its western edge and the range of the middle and southern Laos, and finally that of the valley of Irrawaddy between the Arrakan Yoma and the Shan Plateau where the minimum does not reach 1,000 mm/year, sometimes remains at about 500 mm/year.

These climates may be characterized by the Indochinese Dipterocarp forest, the Thai Pa daeng or the Burmese Indaing, polymorphous formation of the centre of the peninsula. It exists also in the coastal part of the Cardamones where the rainfall is high enough for keeping the evergreen or dense forest (mosaic forest of southern Cambodia, open coastal forest in the vicinity of Trat in Thailand).

Following the rainfall it is possible to distinguish four regions:

- 1. The wettest region of Assam (with the highest rainfall in the world at Tcherrapundji in the Khasia Hills).
- 2. The coastal border, which, with the Arrakan and the Tenasserim, represents the most rainy country of South-East Asia. Some stations get up to 5,000 mm/year rainfall (in west Borneo the maximum is 3,400 mm/year). The delta of Irrawaddy represents a disconnexion in the rainfall pattern.
- 3. The dry central plain with some stations, in the North receiving only 750 mm/year, the delta is more humid (2,500 mm/year).
- 4. The Shan plateau with a rainfall of 1,200 to 1,800 mm/year.

# BIOGEOGRAPHICAL REGIONS

## A. The Northern Region

It corresponds mainly to the high mountain, except the high valley of Brahmaputra, with a relatively heavy rainfall and a cold season (chiefly in the highlands).

# B. The Hilly Border

Between the delta of the Ganges and the delta of the Irrawaddy: wet to very wet climate. Few data are available for the mountain range of the region particularly the Chin Hills.

#### C. The Southern Coastal Part

Usually named Tenasserim.

#### D. The Shan Plateau

# E. The Central Region (Plain of the Irrawaddy River)

This low region as well as the plains of the Chao Phraya in Thailand, highly cultivated, are poor in bryophytes.

## COLLECTIONS AND DETERMINATIONS

Perhaps the region Burma-Assam was less prospected than Thailand and Indochina. Three periods may be distinguished: the XIXth century; the early XXth century and the late XXth century. During the XIXth century, the main publication on Indian and Indochinese mosses was that of W. MITTEN (1859), a compilation of all mosses known from the East Indies. Levier (1891) wrote a short paper concerning the collection of Fea with the help of Carl Mueller. H.N. Dixon, in 1914, named the mosses collection of the Abor Hills Expedition in northern Assam and in 1937, gave a long list of the collections of N.L. Bor (Khasia Hills, border of Himalaya in the East of Bhotan, Aka Hills, Dafla Hills). In the South of Assam Bor visited the Naga Hills. All these regions are poorly known according to Dixon.

E.B. Bartram (1943 and 1954) analysed in two papers large Burmese collections. In the first he published the list of the material given by F.G. Dickason, who apparently travelled through all Burma, and that of the plant explorer, F. Kingdon Ward from the North. The publication of 1954 gives references to the plants of R.D. Svihla who teached some years in Rangoon, these collections concern the Shan Plateau, the vicinity of Rangoon and the coastal Tenasserim. E. Bescherelle (1895 & 1897) in his monographs of genera *Calymperes* and *Ochrobryum* gave some descriptions of Burmese species.

Personally, I am modestly contributing a list of my collections from the Chittagong, made during a botanical trip under the auspices of the South-East Asia Treaty Organization, those made in Assam by my friend, J. Brunel, ornithologist, during the spring of 1961 and, finally, those I made in Burma at the end of the year 1971.

Abbreviation of the author's names:

Bartram : Bart.

Bescherelle : Besch.

Dixon : Dix.

Levier : Lev.

Mitten : Mitt.

Tixier : Tix.

# SPHAGNACEAE

- I. Sphagnum Ehr.
  - 1. S. acutifoloides Warn.
    - A. Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 3,000 m (Dix., 37-772); Assam.
  - 2. S. feae C. Muell. nom. sol.

D.-Bhamo (Lev., 91-601); Endemic.

3. S. subsecundum Nees

B.—Chin Hills, Mt. Victoria, 3,000 m (Bart., 43-172); Europe, Asia, North America.

## FISSIDENTACEAE

- II. Fissidens Hedw.
- 4. F. anomalus Mont.

A.—Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 2,500 m (Dix., 37-773); Nilghiris, Sikkim, Khasia, Ceylon, Java, Vietnam.

5. F. areolatus Griff.

A.—Aka Hills, Mt. Piri (Dix., 37-773); mid Sikkim, Khasia, Ava.

6. F. burmensis Bart. (Rev. Bryol, Lichénol., XXIII, 1954, 242)

D.—Maymyo; Endemic.

- 7. F. ceylonensis Doz. & Molk.

  B.—Kaptai (Chittagong) (Tix., 67-2);

  Ceylon, Indochina, Malesia.
  - 8. F. choprai Norkett in sched.
    A.—Assam, Naziranga (Tix., 67-2);
    India, Vietnam.
  - 9. F. diversifolius Mitt.
    A.-Kobo (Dix., 14-60);
    Himalaya.
  - F. hollianus Doz. & Molk.
     D.—Maymyo, Gokteik Gorge (Bart., 54-242);
     Java.
  - F. intromarginatulus Bart. (Rev. Bryol. Lichénol., XXIII, 1954, 242);
    - D.—South Shan States, Taunggyi, 1,500 m; Endemic.
  - F. javanicus Doz. & Molk.
     A.—Assam, Negrogam (sub. nom. F. acutifolius Mitten);
     B.—Chittagong, Kaptai (Tix., 67-2);
     Java.
  - F. lativaginatus Bart. (Rev. Bryol. Lichénol., XXIII, 1954, 242)
     D.—South Shan States, Kalaw;
     Endemic.
  - F. longisetus Griff. (Moss. East. Ind. Mitt., 1859, 141);
     A.—Assam, rivière Mumbra;
     Endemic.
  - 15. F. leptopelma Dix. (J. Bombay Nat. Sc. Soc, XXXIX, 1937, 773); Endemic.
  - F. mittenii Par.
     C.—Tenasserim, Thawbawleik Mines; idem, Mergui, Pahaw

Islands (Bart., 54-243);
Ceylon, Indochina.

17. F. newcomerii Bart. (Rev. Bryol. Lichénol., XXIII, 1954, 242)
A.—Shinburyang;
Endemiç,

- 18. F. nobilis Griff.
  - A.—Balipara Frontier Tract, 900 m (Dix., 37, 773); Abor Hills (Dix., 14-61); Sin Lum Kaba (Bart., 43-172);
  - B. -South Shan States, Kalaw Reservoir (Bart., 54-243); Himalaya, Malesia, Indochina, Hong Kong.
- 19. F. papillulosus Broth.
  - C.-Mergui;
  - D.-Maymyo, Gokteik Gorge;
  - E.—Mandalay (Bart., 54-242); Thailand.
- 20. F. pulchellus Mitt.
  - A.—Abor Hills (Dix., 14-61); Sikkim.
- 21. F. rubricaulis Dix. (J. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc., XXXIX, 1937, 772)
  - A.—Balipara Frontier Tract; Endemic.
- 22. F. semperfalcatus Dix.
  - C.—Mergui, Pahtaw Islands; Thailand.
- 23. F. splachnoides Broth.
  - D.-Maymyo, Gokteik Gorge (Bart., 54-241); Ghates, Java.
- 24. F. sylvaticus Griff.
  - A.—Between Hopone and Taunggyi (Tix.); Common in the south of the country (Bart.); South-East Asia.
- 25. F. xiphiodes Fleisch.
- C.-Tenasserim, Thawbawleik Mines;
  - D.—Maymyo (Bart., 54-242); Java.
  - 26. F. zollingeri Mont.
    - D.—Taunggyi, Bhamo (Bart., 54-241);
      Andamans, Indochina, Malesia, Tahiti.

## DITRICHACEAE

#### III. Garckea C. Muell.

27. G. comosa (Doz. & Molk.) Wjik & Marg.

A.-Balipara Frontier Tract (Dix., 37-773);

B.-Chittagong, Kaptai (Tix., 67-2);

C.—Tenasserim, Thawbawleik Mines; Tavoy (Bart., 43-173, 54-243);

D.-Taunggyi; Maymyo, Kalaw, Bhamo;

E.—Rangoon (Bart., 43-173); South-East Asia.

## IV. Ditrichum Hamp.

28. D. heteromallum (Hedw.) Britt.

A.—Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 2,300 mm (Dix., 37-772); Europe, North America, Terra del Fuego.

#### DICRANACEAE

#### V. Trematodon Michx.

29. T. assamensis Broth.

A.-Charchuar (Dix., 37-773);
Assam.

30. T. conformis Mitt.

A.—Pasihgat, Kobo (Dix., 14-61); Sikkim.

31. T. longicollis Michx.

A.-Assam (Mitt., 59-12);

B.-Chittagong, Kaptai (Tix., 67-2);

C.-Moulmein (Bart., 54-243);

E.—Pyinmana, Kuaukthanba (Bart., 43-172); North America, Italy, South-East Asia.

## VI. Microdus Schimp.

M. assamicus Dix. (J. Bombay Nat. Sc. Soc., XXXIX, 1937, 773)
 A.—Abor Hills, Tankim La;
 Endemic.

33. M. brasilensis (Duby) Thér.

D.-South Shan States, Taunggyi (Bart., 54-243; Tix); Maymyo (Bart., 43-343);
 Brazil, India, Java, Cambodia, Vietnam, Luzon.

## VII. Campylopodium (C. Muell.) Par.

34. C. euphorocladum (C. Muell.) Besch.

D.-South Shan States, Kalaw Reservoir (Bart., 54-243); Eastern Africa, South-East Asia, Pacific to Hawaii.

## VIII. Dicranella Schimp.

35. D. coarctata (C. Muell.) Bosch & Lac.

B.—Chittagong, Cox's Bazar (Tix., 67-2); Ceylon, Pegu, Java, Luzon, Formosa.

36. D. heteromalla (Hedw.) Schimp.

A.—Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 2,900-3,000 m (Dix., 37-774); Europe, Caucasus, Himalaya, Japan, North America, Bolivia, Venezuela.

37. D. leptoneura Dix. (J. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc., XXXIX, 1937, 774):

A.—Balipara Frontier Tract 100-300 m; Endemic.

## IX. Campylopus Brid.

38. C. gracilis (Mitt.) Jaeg.

D.—Loinwe, Kengtung State, 2,100 m; Nataung, Kareni State, 1700 m (Bart., 43-172); South Shan States, Kalaw Reservoir (Bart., 54-243); Sikkim.

39. C. introflexus (Hedw.) Brid.

A.—Assam (sub nom. C. ericetorum Mitt.)
Southern Europe, North Africa, Atlantic Islands, Pacific.

40. C. laetus (Mitt.) Jaeg.

E.-Mt. Popa, 900 m (Bart., 43-172); Khasia Hills

41. C. richardii Brid.

A.—Sin Lum Kaba, 2,000 m (Bart., 43-172); Tropical America, South-East Asia, Pacific.

42. C. subluteus (Mitt.) Jaeg. (Moss. East. Ind., 1859, 19) C.-Moulmein (Mitt., 59-19); Endemic.

#### X. Dicranodontium B.S.G.

43. D. asperulum (Mitt.) Broth.
A.—Naga Hills (Dix., 37-773);

Cosmopolitan,

- 44. D. decipiens (Mitt.) Mitt. ex Broth.
  A.—Naga Hills, Chesweruma, 2,300 m (Dix., 37-775);
  Sikkim, Khasia.
- 45. D. dimorphum Mitt.

  A.—Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 3,000 m (Dix., 37-775);
  Sikkim, Bhotan.
- 46. D. uncinatum (Harv.) Jaeg.
  B.-Chin Hills, Saw Chaung, 2,000 m;
  D.-Manglon State, Pan Yang, 1,500 m (Bart., 43-173);
  India, Indochina, Java, Moluccas, Philippines.

#### XI. Brothera C. Muell.

- 47. B. capillifolia Dix. (J. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc., XXXIX, 1937, 774)
  - A.—Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 2,900—3,000 m Endemic.
- B. leana (Sull.) C. Muell.
   D.-South Shan States, Taunggyi (Bart., 54-243);
   North America, Japan, Manchuria, Himalaya, Southern Indochina, Luzon.

# XII. Oreoweissia (B.S.G.) De Not.

- O. laxifolia (Hook. f.) Kindb.
   A.—Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 2,900-3,000 m (Dix., 37-774);
   Himalaya, Yunnan, Western Ghats, Nilghiri.
- XIII. Symblepharis Mont.
  - S. reinwardtii (Doz. & Molk.) Mitt.
     A.—Abor Hills, Pankim La; Aka Hills, Mt. Piri; Naga Hills, Jawpo (Dix., 37-774);
     Sikkim, Burma, Java, Borneo.
  - S. vaginata (Hook.) Wjik & Marg.
     A.-Abor Hills (sub. nom. Symblepharis helictophylla Mont.) (Dix., 37-774);
     Central America, Himalaya, China.

# XIV. Holomitrium Brid. Bryol, Univ.

52. H. griffithianum Mitt.
D.-Manglon State, Pang Yang, 1,500 m (Bart., 43-173);
South Shan States, Taunggyi (Bart., 54-243);
Bhotan, Assam, Thailand, Laos, Vietnam, Formosa.

#### XV. Dicranum Hedw.

53. D. assamicum Dix. (J. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc., XXXIX, 1937, 774)

A.—Naga Hills, Jawpo, 2,750-3,000 m; Endemic.

54. D. gymnostomum Mitt.

A.—Sino-Burmese Frontier, Adung Valley, 4,000 m (Bart., 43-173);

Himalaya, Yunnan.

55. D. kashmirense Broth.

A.—Abor Hills, Pankim La (Dix., 37-774); Himalaya.

56. D. lorifolium Mitt.

A.—Naga Hills, Jawpo, 2,750-3,000 m (Dix., 37-774); Himalaya.

#### XVI. Dicranoloma Ren.

57. D. fragile Broth.

D.—Manglon State, Loi Se, Pang Yang; Kentung State, Mong Pawk (Bart., 43-173); South Shan States, Taunggyi (Bart., 54-243);

Himalaya, Indochina, Malesia, New Guinea, Louisiade, d'Entrecasteaux Islands, New Hebrides, New Caledonia, Tahiti.

58. D. reflexifolium (C. Muell.) Broth.
A.—Abor Hills (Dix., 14-62);
Java, Sumatra, Assam.

## XVII. Leucoloma Brid.

- 59. L. birmense (C. Muell.) P. Tix.
  C.-Mt. Moolegit (Lev., 86-601);
  Thailand.
- 60. L. taylorii (Schaegr.) Mitt.

  E.—Rangoon (Mitt., 59-13);

  Nepal, Thailand, Vietnam.
- 61. L. tenerum Mitt.
  C.—Moulmein (Mitt., 59-13);
  Endemic,

## LEUCOBRYACEAE

# XVIII. Ochrobryum Mitt.

- 62. O. kurzianum (Hpe.) Besch.
  - C.-Moulmein, Martaban;
  - E.—Pegu Yoma (Besch., 97-145); Thailand.
- 63. O. parishii Besch. (J. Bot., XI, 1897, 142); C.—Moulmein; Endemic.
- 64. O. subulatum (Hpe.) Besch. (J. Bot., XI, 1897, 150) C.—Plumadue, 1,100 m; Endemic.

# XIX. Leucobryum Brid.

- L. bowringii Mitt. var. sericeum (Geh.) Dix.
   A.-Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 1,200 m (Dix., 37-775);
   From Ceylon to Japan.
- 66. L. javense (Brid.) Mitt.
  A.—Abor Hills (Dix., 14-60); Naga Hills, Kanjura, 2,000 m
  (Dix., 37-775);
  South-East Asia.
- 67. L. neilgherrense C. Muell.
  B.-Chin Hills, Aka, 1,600 m (Bart., 43-173);
  D.-Kentung State, Loinwe; Sin Lum Kaba (Bart., 43-173);
  South-East Asia, Japan, China, Korea.
- 68. L. scalare C. Muell. C.-Tavoy, 300 m;
  - D.-Kentung State, Mong Pawk; Manglon State, Pang Yang,
    1,500 m; Kareni State, Nataung (Bart., 43-173); Taunggyi (Bart., 54-244);
    Nepal, South-East Asia, Fiji.
- 69. L. teysmanianum Doz. & Molk.
  B.—Chittagong, Kaptai (Tix., 67-2);
  Java, Borneo, Australia, Pacific.

# XX. Leucophanes Card.

- 70. L. octoblepharoides Brid.
  - A.—Balipara Frontier Tract (Dix., 37-775);
  - C.—Mergui (Bart., 54-244);
    From Nepal to Pacific Islands,

## XXI. Octoblepharum Hedw.

71. O. albidum Hedw.

A.-Charduar (Dix., 37-775); Kobo (Dix., 14-60);

B.-Chittagong, Kaptai, Sitakund (Tix., 67-2);

D.-Bhamo (Lev., 91-601); Taunggyi (Tix.);

E.—Rangoon (Bart., 43-173); Cosmopolitan.

# XXII. Exodictyon Card.

72. E. blumei (C. Muell.) Fleisch.

A.—Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 3,000-3,500 m (Dix., 37-775); Indochina, Malesia, Pacific.

#### CALYMPERACEAE

## XXIII. Syrrhopodon Schwaegr.

73. S. chittagongense P. Tix. (Dacca Univ. Stu., XV, 1967, 3);
B.—Chittagong, Kaptai.
Endemic.

74. S. larminatii Broth. & Par.

B.—Chittagong, Kaptai (Tix, 67-3); Japan, North Vietnam, Thailand, Malaya.

# XXIV. Calymperopsis (C. Muell.) Fleisch.

75. C. semi-liber (Mitt.) Fleisch.

B.-Kaptai (Tix., 67-3);

C.—Tavoy (Mitt., 59-41); Indochina.

## XXV. Thyridium Mitt.

76. T. cardotii Fleisch.

C.-Mergui, Pahtaw Islands; Tenasserim, Thawbawleik Mines (Bart., 54-244);Cambodia, Vietnam, Java.

77. T. cuspidatum Fleisch.

C.—Chittagong, Cox's Bazar (Tix., 67-3); Indochina, Java.

T. pilulifer (Dix.) P. Tix. nov. comb. (Syrrhopodon pilulifer Dix. in J. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc., XXXIX, 1937, 775);
 A.—Balipara Frontier Tract, 100-300 m;
 Endemic.

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# XXVI. Calymperes Schwaegr.

79. C. brachycaulon Broth.

C.—Mergui, Pahtaw Islands; Moulmein (Bart., 54-244); Thailand.

80. C. burmense (Hpe.) Besch.

A.—Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 3,000-3,300 m (Dix., 37-776); C.—Moulmein (Besch., 95-279); Burma.

81. C. delessertii Besch.

A.—Assam, Naziranga (Tix., 67-3); Andaman, Malaya.

82. C. hampei Doz. & Molk.

A.—Charduar (Dix., 37-776);

E.—Taungoo (Bart., 43-174); Malesia.

83. C. nietnerii Mitt.

C.—Moulmein (Besch., 95-306, sub nom. C. varium Mitt.) Ceylon, Java.

84. C. peguense Besch.

B.-Chittagong, Sitakund (Tix., 67-3);

E.—Pegu Yoma (Besch., 95-299); Rangoon (Bart., 43-173); Burma.

85. C. prionotum Besch.

D.—Mt. Nattaung, 2,300 m (Besch., 95-300); Endemic.

86. C. robustiusculum Broth.

C.-Mergui;

E.—Rangoon (Bart., 54-244); Thailand, Cambodia.

87. C. subacuminatum Bart. (Rev. Bryol, Lichénol., XXIII, 1954, 244)

C.-Mergui, Pahtaw Islands; Tenasserim, Thawbawleik Mines;

Endemic.

88. C. subintegrum Broth.

C.—Mergui, Pahtaw Islands (Bart., 54-243); Thailand.

- C. subtenerum Bart. (Rev. Bryol. Lichénol., XXIII, 1954, 244)
   C.-Mergui, Pahtaw Islands; Tenasserim, Thawbawleik Mines; Endemic.
- 90. C. svihlae Bart. (Rev. Bryol. Lichénol., XXIII, 1954, 244) C.—Tenasserim, Thawbawleik Mines; Endemic.
- 91. C. tenerum C. Muell.

  B.—Chittagong, Sitakund; Cox's Bazar (Tix., 67-3);

  From Bengal to Pacific Islands.

#### POTTIACEAE

- XXVII. Molendoa Lindb.
  - 92. M. burmensis Bart. (Farlowia, I, 1943, 174)

    D.—Goteik, Haipan, 900 m;

    Endemic.
- XXVIII. Anoectangium (Hedw.) B.S.G.
  - 93. A. birmense C. Muell. nom. nud.
    D.—Bhamo (Lev., 91-600);
    Endemic.
  - 94. A. stracheyanum Mitt.
    D.—Taunggyi, 1400 m (Bart., 43-174);
    Himalaya.
- XXIX. Gymnostomum Nees & Hornsch.
  - 95. G. aeruginosum Sm.
    D.—South Shan States, Taunggyi (Bart., 54-245);
    Cosmopolitan.
- XXX. Hymenostylium Brid.
  - 96. H. recurvirostre (Hedw.) Dix.
    D.—South Shan States, Maymyo;
    E.—Mandalay (Bart., 54-245);
    Cosmopolitan.
- XXXI. Oxystegus (Limpr.) Hilp.
  - 97. O. cylindricus (Brid.) Hilp.

    A.—Naga Hills, Jawpo, Pulebudze, 2500 m (Dix., 37-776);

    Cosmopolitan.

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#### XXXII. Trichostomum Hedw.

- 98. T. burmense Bart. (Rev. Bryol. Lichénol., XXIII, 1954, 245)
  D.-Maymyo;
  Endemic.
  - T. svihlae Bart, (Rev. Bryol. Lichénol., XXIII, 1954, 245)
     D.-South Shan States, Maymyo;
     Endemic.

# XXXIII. Pseudosymblepharis Broth.

100. P. angustata (Mitt.) Hilp.
 D.—Taunggyi (Bart., 43-174; Tix.);
 India, Ceylon, Indochina, Malesia, Southern China.

101. P. pallidens (Mitt.) Hilp.
A.—Naga Hills, Jawpo;
Endemic.

102. P. subduriuscula (C. Muell.) Chen.
D.-Kentung State, Pang Wai, 2,000 m (Bart., 43-174, sub nom. P. pervaginata);
Philippines.

# XXXIV. Timmiella (De Not.) Limpr.

103. T. anomala (B.S.G.) Limpr.
 D.—South Shan States, Taunggyi, 1,500 m (Bart., 43-174);
 Europe, North America, Himalaya.

# XXXV. Tortella (C. Muell.) Limpr.

T. cyrtobasis Dix.
 D.—South Shan States, Taunggyi, 1,500 m (Bart., 43-174);
 Thailand.

# XXXVI. Hyophila Brid.

 H. acuminata Bart. nom. illeg. (Rev. Bryol. Lichénol., XXIII, 1954, 245)

D.—South Shan States, Taunggyi; Endemic.

106. H. involuta (Hook.) Jaeg.

A.-Aka Hills, Mt. Piri (Dix., 37-776);

B.-Chittagong, Sitakund (Tix., 67-3);

D.-Taunggyi (Bart., 43-174; Tix.);

E.—Rangoon (Bart., 43-174); South-East Asia. 107. H. javanica (Hook.) Jaeg.

A.-Assam, Naziranga;

B.—Chittagong, Sitakund (Tix., 67-3, sub nom. H. dittei); Java.

108. H. pygmea C. Muell. nom. nud. D.—Bhamo (Lev., 91-601); Endemic.

## XXXVII. Barbula Hedw.

- 109. B. altipapillosa Bart. (Rev. Bryol. Lichénol., XXIII, 1954, 246)
  E.—Mandalay, Maymyo Road, 1,000 m;
  Endemic.
- 110. B. constricta Mitt.

  Common and largely distributed (Bart., 43-175; 54-246);

  Himalaya, Philippines.
- B. fusco-virens Bart. (Rev. Bryol. Lichénol., XXIII, 1954, 246)
   D. South Shan States, Taunggyi;
   Endemic.
- B. gregaria (Mitt.) Jaeg.
   A.—Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 3,000-3,500 m (Dix., 37-776);
   Himalaya.
- 113. B. obscuretis Dix.
  D.-Taunggyi (Tix.);
  Thailand, Luzon.
- B. scleromitra Besch.
   B.—Chittagong, Sitakund; idem Cox's Bazar (Tix., 67-3);
   North Vietnam.
- 115. B. svihlae Bart. (Rev. Bryol. Lichénol., XXIII, 1954, 246)
  D.-Maymyo;
  Endemic.
- 116. B.-vinealis Brid.
  D.-Taunggyi (P.Tix.);
  Cosmopolitan.

# XXXVIII. Hydrogonium (C. Muell.) Jaeg.

117. H. arcuatum (Griff.) Wjik & Marg.

A.-Abor Hills, Janakmukh (Dix., 14-61);

D.—South Shan States, Lashio (Bart., 54-247, sub nom. Barbula comosa Doz. & Molk.);Nepal, Sikkim, Khasia, Malesia, Ambon, Java, Oceania,

New Caledonia.

- 118. H. consanguineum (Thw. & Mitt.) Hilp.
  - D .- South Shan States, Taunggyi;
  - E.—Rangoon (Bart., 43-175); Ceylon, Singapore, Vietnam, Philippines.
- H. javanicum (Doz. & Molk.) Hilp.
   D.-Chittagong, Kaptai (Tix., 67-3);
   Nepal, Himalaya, Ceylon, Sumatra, Java, Celebes.
- 120. H. pseudoehrenbergii (Fleisch.) Chen.
  D.—South Shan States: Lashio, Gok Teik Gorge; Taunggyi (Bart., 54-246);
  Cambodia, Java.
- H. soboliferum (Fleisch.) Hilp.
   D.-Maymyo, Botanical Garden (Bart., 54-247);
   Java.
- 122. H. sordidum (Besch.) Hilp.
  D.—Taunggyi (Tix.);
  North Vietnam.

# XXXIX. Semibarbula Herz. ex Hilp.

123. S. orientalis (Web.) Wijk & Marg.

A.-Assam, in lower region (Dix., 37-776);

E.-Rangoon (Bart., 43-174);

Tropical Africa, South-East Asia.

#### XL. Desmatodon Brid.

D. involutus Bart. (Farlowia, I, 1943, 175) nom. illeg.
 D.—Taunggyi (Bart., 43-175; 54-247);
 Endemic.

#### GRIMMIACEAE

#### XLI. RACOMITRIUM Brid.

125. R. crispulum (Hook. f. & Wils.) Hook. f. & Wils.

A.-Naga Hills, Jawpo (Dix., 37-773, sub nom. R. javanicum);

Java, Borneo, Himalaya.

#### **EPHEMERACEAE**

XLII. Nanomitriella Bart. (Rev. Bryol. lichénol., XXIII, 1954, 247)

126. N. ciliata Bart.

C.-Moulmein;

Endemic.

#### FUNARIACEAE

XLIII. Physcomitrium (Brid.) Fuernr.

127. P. japonicum (Hedw.) Mitt.

A.—Assam, Suddya (Mitt., 59-54 sub nom. P. pulchellum); Abor Hills, Rotung (Dix., 14-61);

Japan, Assam, Sikkim.

128. P. repandum (Griff.) Mitt. (Musc. Ind. Ori., 1859, 54)

A.—Assam, Suddya; Abor Hills, junction of Yambung and Dehong (Dix., 14-61);

Endemic.

XLIV. Funaria Schreb.

129. F. dozyana (C. Muell.) Broth.

D.—South Shan States, Taunggyi, Kalaw (Bart., 54-248); Java.

130. F. hygrometrica Hedw.

A.-Assam, many collections (Dix., 37-778);

D.—South Shan States: Taunggyi, Hopone (Tix.); Cosmopolitan.

131. F. hygometrica Hedw. var. calvescens (Scwaegr.) Kindb.

B.-Chin Hills, 1900 m (Bart., 43-175);

C.—Dawna Range, Mt. Moolegit (Lev., 91-601 sub nom. F. nepallensis); Tavoy, Mt. Nwalabo (Bart., 43-175);

D.—Kareni State, Nataung (Bart., 43-175); Cosmopolitan.

132. F. wichurae (Fleisch.) Broth.

D.-Kareni State, 1,500 m; Taunggyi, 1,500 m (Bart., 43-175); Java

#### SPLACHNACEAE

# XLV. Gymnostomiella Fleisch.

- 133. G. burmensis Bart, (Rev. Bryol. Lichénol., XXIII, 1954, 247) E.—Mandalay, 1,000 m; Endemic.
- 134. G. vernicosa (Hook.) Fleisch.

D.—Bhamo (Lev., 91-601 sub nom. G. byssoides C. Muell.); E.—Mandalay (Bart., 54-247); Singapore, Ambon, Philippines.

# XLVI. Splachnobryum C. Muell.

135. S. assamicum Dix. (J. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc., XXXIX, 1937, 778)

A.-Charduar; Endemic.

136. S. indicum Hpe. & C. Muell.

D.—Maymyo Road (Bart., 54-247); Bengal.

137. S. luzonense Broth.

D.—Maymyo, Gok Teik Gorge; E.—Rangoon (Bart., 54-247);

-Rangoon (Bart., 54-247); Luzon.

# XLVII. Tayloria Hook.

138. T. indica Mitt.

A.—Aka Hills, Piri Camp, 2,300 m; Naga Hills (Dix., 37-778);

B.-Chin Hills, Haka, 1,700-2,300 m (Bart., 43-175);

D.—South Shan States, Taunggyi (Bart., 54-248); Himalaya, Philippines.

139. T. subglabra (Griff.) Mitt.

A.—Naga Hills (Dix., 37-778); Himalaya, Indochina.

140. T. subglabra (Griff.) Mitt. var. spinosa Dix. (J. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc., XXXIX, 1937, 778)

A.—Naga Hills, Takua 1,700 m; Endemic.

# BRYACEAE

XLVIII. Mielichhoferia Nees & Hornsch.

141. M. assamica Dix. (J. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc., XXXIX, 1937, 778);

A.—Aka Hills, Bhorelli River; Endemic.

XLIX. Webera Hedw.

142. W. humicola Dix. & Varde

A.—Naga Hills, Lozaphobemi, 1,220 m (Dix., 37-779); India.

L. Pohlia Hedw.

143. P. cruda (Hedw.) Lindb.

A.—Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 3,300 m (Dix., 37-779); Cosmopolitan.

144. P. elongata Hedw.

A.—Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 2,900 m—3,000 m (Dix., 37-779); Naga Hills (idem);

D.—Taunggyi, 1,500 m (Bart., 54-251); Cosmopolitan.

145. P. flexuosa Hook.

A.—Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 2,900-3,000 m (Dix., 37-779); Himalaya.

LI. Pseudopohlia Williams

146. P. bulbifera Williams

D.—South Shan States, Taunggyi (Bart., 54-248); Philippines.

LII. Brachymenium Schwaegr.

147. B. acuminatum Harv.

D.—Taunggyi (Bart., 43-176); 17 collections of Svihla (Bart., 54-248); South East Asia.

148. B. exile (Doz. & Molk.) Bosch & Lac.

A.-Naga Hills, Zehwara, 1,800 m (Dix., 37-779);

D.—South Shan States (Bart., 54-248); Ceylon, Vietnam, Malesia. 90 Tixier

149. B. leptostomoides (C. Muell.) Jaeg.

D.—South Shan States: Kalaw; Taunggyi (Bart., 54-248); South-East Asia.

150. B. nepalense Hook. in Schwaegr.

A.-Naga Hills, Zhwara, 2,100 m (Dix., 37-779);

D.—South Shan States: Kareni State, Nataung; Manglon State, Pang Yang; Hopong State, Hopong (Bart., 43-176); Taunggyi (Bart., 54-248, Tix.);
India, Ceylon, Indochina, Malesia.

## LIII. Anomobryum Schimp.

151. A. cymbifolium (Lindl.) Broth.

A.-Naga Hills, 1,700 m (Dix., 37-779);

D.—South Shan States, Taunggyi (Bart., 43-176); Himalaya, Southern India, Khasia, Java, Philippines, Ambon.

152. A. gemmiferum Broth.

D.—Taunggyi (Bart., 43-176); Philippines.

# LIV. Bryum Hedw.

153. B. ambiguum Duby

B.-Chittagong, Kaptai (Tix., 67-4);

D.—Inle Lake (Tix.); South-East Asia.

154. B. argenteum Hedw. var. lanatum (P. Beauv.) Hamp.

A.-Assam (Dix., 37-779);

D.—South Shan States: Taunggyi (Bart., 43-176); Maymyo (Bart., 54-249); Cosmopolitan.

155. B. capillare L. ex Hedw.

D.—South Shan States: Taunggyi; Maymyo; Cosmopolitan.

156. B. cellulare Hook.

A.-Bhalukpung, Bhorelli River, 300 m (Dix., 37-779);

B.-Chittagong, Kaptai (Tix., 67-4, sub nom. Bryum splachnoides)

Himalaya, Yunnan, Lebanon, Japan.

- 157. B. coronatum Schwaegr.
  - C.—Svihla, 14 collections in Southern Burma (Bart., 54-248);
  - D.—South Shan States, Taunggyi, 1,500 m (Bart., 43-176) (Tix.);
  - E.—Rangoon (Bart., 43-176); Pantropical.
- 158. B. nitense Hook.
  - C.-Mergui (Bart., 54-248);
  - D.-South Shan States: Taunggyi;
  - E.—Mandalay (Bart., 54-248); Nepal, Ceylon, Java.
- 159. B. porphyroneuron C. Muell.
  - D.—South Shan States: Taunggyi (Bart., 43-156; 54-248);Kalaw (Bart., 54-248);India, Ceylon, Sumatra, Java, Malaya.
- 160. B. ramosum (Hook.) Mitt.
  - B.-Thandaung, 1,100 m (Bart., 43-176);
  - D.-Kendung State, 2,000 m (Bart., 43-176); South Shan States, Taunggyi (Bart., 54-249);
     Nepal, Nilghiris, Ceylon, Java, Thailand, Formosa, Lu-

Nepal, Nilghiris, Ceylon, Java, Thailand, Formosa, Luzon, North Vietnam.

- 161. B. svihlae Bart. (Rev. Bryol. Lichéhol., XXIII, 1954, 248)
  D.—Taunggyi;
  Endemic.
- LV. Rhodobryum (Schimp.) Hamp.
  - 162. R. giganteum (Schwaegr.) Par.
    - A.-Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 2,750 m (Dix., 37-779);
    - D.—Kentung State, Mong Yang; Webula; Taungteik (Falam); South Shan States, Taunggyi; Kareni State, Nataung (Bart., 43-177);

South-East Asia, China, Japan, Hawaii.

#### MNIACEAE

#### LVI. Orthomnium Wils.

- 163. O. bryoides (Griff.) Wijk & Marg.
  - A.—Assam, Him Parbat, 2,000 m, Tako Senyak, 1,200 m (Dix., 37-780)
  - D.—Kareni State, Nataung, 2,100 m (Bart., 43-177); South Shan States, Kalaw (Bart., 54-249; Sikkim, Khasia.
- 164. O. japonica Broth.

A.-Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 1,375 m (Dix., 37-780); Japan, New Guinea, North Vietnam.

#### LVII. Mnium Hedw,

- 165. M. burmense Bart. (Rev. Bryol. Lichénol., XXIII, 1954, 249)
  D.—Maymyo;
  Endemic.
- 166. M. heterophyllum (Hook.) Schwaegr.
  A.—Abor Hills, Pankim La (Dix. 37-779);
  Caucasus, Himalaya, Nepal.
- 167. M. laevinerve Card.

A.—Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 2,700-3,300 m (Dix., 37-779); Japan.

168. M. lycopodioides Schwaegr.

A.—Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 2,500-3,300 m (Dix., 37-779); From Western Europe to Central Asia.

169. M. punctatum Schrad. ex. Hedw.

A.—Aka Hills, 2,700-3,300 m (Dix., 37-779); From the Alps to Japan.

- 170. M. rostratum Schrad.
  - A.-Common in the Abor Hills (Dix., 14-62);
  - B.-Chin Hills, Haka, 2,100 m (Bart., 43-177);
  - D.—Webula, 1,200 m; Kengtung State: Peng Yai, Loinwe;Manglon State, Pang Wai (Bart., 43-177);Cosmopolitan.

171. M. succulentum Mitt.

A.—Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 3,000 m (Dix., 37-779); Abor Hills (Dix., 14-62); Assam (Mitt., 59-143); Nepal, Khasia, Assam.

172. M. thomsomi Schimp.

A.—Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 3,000 m (Dix., 37-779); Sino-Burmese frontier (Bart., 43-177); Sikkim, Yunnan, Japan.

## RHIZOGONIACEAE

LVIII. Rhizogonium Brid.

173. R. spiniforme (Hedw.) Bruch.

A.—Abor Hills: Renning Camp, Lalik Valley (Dix., 37-780); Assam (Mitt., 59-142; Dix., 37-780); Pantropical.

# BARTRAMIACEAE

LVIX. Bartramia Hedw.

174. B. halleriana Hedw.

A.—Abor Hills; Aka Hills; Naga Hills (Dix., 37-780);
B.—Chin Hills, Wunba Taung (Bart. (Bart., 43-177);
Cosmopolitan.

175. B. leptodonta Mitt.

A.-Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 3,000 m (Dix., 37-780); Himalaya.

LX. Bartramidula B.S.G.

176. B. bartramioides (Griff.) Wjik & Marg.

A.-Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 1,700 m (Dix., 37-780);

B.—Chittagong: Kaptai, Cox's Bazar (Tix., 67-4); Himalaya, Khasia, Luzon.

LXI. Philonotis Brid.

177. P. angusta Mitt.

A.-Charduar, Aka Hills, 700 m, Mt. Piri (Dix., 37-780); Ceylon.

178. P. aristifolia Bart. (Farlowia, I, 1943, 177)

C.-Tavoy, Mt. Nwabalo, 1,500 m;

D.—Rangoon; South Shan States, Taunggyi (Bart., 54-249); Endemic.

179. P. falcata (Hook.) Mitt.

B.—Chin Hills, Falam (Taungteik), 1,500 m (Bart., 43-178); North India, China, Japan, Philippines, Hawaii.

180. P. hastata (Duby) Wijk & Marg.

A.-Assam (Mitt., 59-61);

D.—Taunggyi, Bhamo (Bart., 43-178; 54-249); Ceylon, Indochina, Hong Kong, Philippines, Tahiti.

- P. minutifolia Bart. (Rev. Bryol. Lichénol., XXIII, 1954, 249)
   D.-Maymyo-Lashio Road;
   Endemic.
- 182. P. mollis (Doz. & Molk.) Mitt.
  D.—Taunggyi (Tix.,);
  South India, Sumatra, Java, Andamans, North Vietnam.
- P. pergracilis Broth. ms.
   B.—Chittagong: Kaptai, Rangamati (T

B.—Chittagong: Kaptai, Rangamati (Tix., 67-4);Himalaya.

184. P. perlaxifolia Dix.

E.—Rangoon (Bart., 43-179); Thailand.

185. P. secunda (Doz. & Molk.) Bosch & Lac.

C.-Mergui, Tenasserim (Thawbawleik Mines);D.-Maymyo-Lashio Road; Kalaw (Bart., 54-250);Java.

186. P. speciosa (Griff.) Mitt.

A.-Abor Hills (Dix., 14-63);

D (?)—Ytagong, 1,300 m (Bart., 43-178); Nepal, Khasia, Philippines.

187. P. turneriana (Schwaegr.) Mitt.

D.—Thibaw State, Naungkhio, 800 m; Taungteik, 1,500 m (Bart., 43-178); Maymyo—Lashia Road (Bart., 54-250); Himalaya, Khasia, Java, Japan, China, Hawaii.

# LXII. Fleischerobryum Loeske

188. F. longicollis (Hpe.) Loeske

A.—Sino-Burmese confines (Bart., 43-178); Himalaya, Java.

## ERPODIACEAE

LXIII. Erpodium (Brid.) C. Muell.

189. E. mangiferae C. Muell.

A.-Charduar (Dix., 37-780);

# PTYCHOMITRIACEAE

LXIV. Ptychomitrium Fuernr.

190. P. fauriei, Besch.

A.—Naga Hills, Jawpo, 2,700-3,000 m (Dix., 37-776, sub nom *P. rhacomitrioides* Dix.);

#### **ORTHOTRICHACEAE**

LXV. Zygodon Hook. & Tayl.

191. Z. brevisetus Wils.

A.—Naga Hills, Chingku, 2,500 m (Dix., 37-777); Sikkim.

## LXVI. Macromitrium Brid.

192. M. calymperoideum Mitt. (Musc. Ind. Or., 1859, 50)

A.—Balipara Frontier Tract, 300 m; Charduar, common in plains (Dix., 37-777);

C.—Tavoy (Mitt., 59-50); Western Indochina.

193. M. dickasonii Bart. (Farlowia, 1943, I, 179)

D.—Mogok; Endemic.

194. M. hamatum Dix. (J. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc., XXXIX, 1937, 777)

A.—Naga Hills, Pedi, 1,680 m; Endemic.

195. M. moorcroftii Schwaegr.

D.—Bhamo (Lev., 91-601); Nepal, Sikkim, Khasia, Yunnan.

- 196. M. nepalense (Hook. & Grev.) Schwaegr.
  - A.—Abor Hills, Janakmukh, Yambung Stream (Dix., 14-61); Assam, Ngorvara; Naga Hills, 900 m (Dix., 37-777); Assam sup.; Negrogam et Mittack [Mitt., 59-50 sub nom. M. assamicum (Griff.) Mitt.];
  - C.-Tavoy (Mitt., 59-50);
  - D.—Manglong State, Pang Yang; Kengtung State, Mong Pawk (Bart., 43-178); SVIHLA, 17 coll. (Bart., 54-250); Taunggyi (Tix.);

Nepal, Sikkim, Indochina, Malaya, Philippines, China.

- 197. M. ramentosum Mitt.
  - A.—Dafla Hills, Tako Senyak, 1,200 m (Dix., 37-778); Ceylon.
- 198. M. rigbyanum Dix. (J. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc., XXXIX, 1937, 779)
  - A.—Abor Hills, Pankim La, 300-2,900 m; Naga Hills, Dzu-lake, 1,850 m; Himalaya.
- 199. M. sulcatum (Hook.) Brid.
  - A.-Naga Hills, Jawpo, 2,750-3,000 m (Dix., 37-778);
  - B.-Haka, 2,000 m;
  - D.—Manglon State, Pang Yang; Kareni State, 2,000 m (Bart., 43-179); South Shan States. Taunggyi (Bart., 54-250);

Eastern India, Ceylon, Malaya, Borneo, Philippines.

- M. turgidum Dix., var. laeve Dix. (J. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc., XXXIX, 1937, 778)
  - A.—Dafla Hills, 1,200 m; Tako Senyak, 1,200 m, Naga Hills, Paroa, 2,150 m for the variety, the species at Jawpo, Naga Hills; India.
- LXVII. Groutiella (Doz. & Molk.) Wijk & Marg.
  - 201. G. goniorrhyncha (Doz. & Molk.) Wjik & Marg.
    - B.-Chittagong, Sitakund (Tix., 67-4);
    - C.-Tenasserim, Thawbawleik Mines (Bart., 54-250);
    - D.-Kalaw (Bart., 43-179); From Himalaya to Malesia.

LXVIII. Racopilum P. Beauv.

202. R. schmidii (C. Muell.) Mitt.

D.—Hopong State, Hopong; South Shan State, 1,500 m; Kengtung State, Mong Yang (Bart., 43-179); South Shan States, SVIHLA, 10 coll. (Bart., 54-250); Taunggyi (Tix.);

South India, Indochina.

#### HEDWIGIACEAE

LXIX. Cleistostoma Brid.

203. C. ambigua (Hook.) Brid.

A.-Aka Hills, Mt. Piri (Dix., 37-780);

D.—Sinlumkaha, 2,000 m, South Shan States, Taunggyi; Kareni State, Nataung, 1,700 m; Manglon State, Pang Yang, 1,800 m (Bart., 43-179); South Shan States (Bart.; 54-250); Taunggyi (Tix.);

From Himalaya to South China and North Vietnam.

#### CRYPHAEACEAE

LXX. Acrocryphaea B.S.G.

204. A. concavifolia Bosch & Lac.

B.-Chittagong, Kaptai (Tix., 67-4);

D. - Maymyo, Lashio (Bart., 54-250); From Himalaya to Luzon and Celebes.

LXXI. Pilotrichopsis Besch.

205. P. dentata (Mitt.) Besch.

A.—Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 2,700-3,300 m (Dix., 37-780); Japan, Formosa, China.

#### LEUCODONTACEAE

LXXII. Leucodon Schwaegr.

206. L. secundus (Harv.) Mitt.

A.—Abor Hills, Pankim La (Dix., 37-780); Himalaya, Yunnan, Japan, North Vietnam,

#### TRACHYPODACEAE

# LXXIII. Diaphonodon Ren. & Card.

D. blandus (Harv.) Ren. & Card. var. blandus
A.—Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 3,000 m (Dix., 37-780);
D.—Taunggyi, Hopone (Tix.);
India, Nepal, Ceylon, Philippines, Indochina.

208. D. thuidioides Ren. & Card.

A.—Abor Hills, Pankim La (Dix., 37-780); B.—Chin Hills, Mt. Victoria, 300 m (Bart., 43-179); Sikkim.

# LXXIV. Trachypus Reinw. & Hornsch.

209. T. bicolor Reinw. & Hornsch.

A.-Assam (Dix., 37-780);

B.-Chin Hills, 3,300 m;

D.-Manglon State, Pang Yang; Kengtung State, Pang Wai,
2,000 m; Kareni State, Nataung (Bart., 43-179); South
Shan State, Taunggyi (Bart., 54-250);
Himalaya, India, Indochina, Malesia, China, Japan,
Formosa.

# LXXV. Trachypodopsis Fleisch.

210. T. serrulata (P. Beauv.) Fleisch. var. crispulata (Hook.) Zant. A.—Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 2,700-3,000 m; many collections in high altitude (Dix., 37-781); Abor Hills, summit of Bapu, 2,700 m (Dix., 14-64);

B.-Chin Hills, Haka, 2,800 m, Mt. Victoria, 3,300 m;

C.-Mt. Moolegit, 1,400 m (Lev., 91-601 sub nom. Trachy-pus feae C. Muell. nom. nud.); Tavoy. Mt. Nwalabo, 1,500 m (Bart., 43-180);

D.—Falam, Taungteik, 1,500 m; Namkhok State, Loi Maing;Kengtung State, Pang Wai; Manglon State, Pang Yang,1,500 m (Bart., 43-180);

From Himalaya and South India to China and Moluccas.

# MYURIACEAE

## LXXVI. Myurium Schimp.

211. M. rufescens (Reinw. & Hornsch.) Fleisch.

D.-Manglon State, Pang Yang, 2,000 m; Kareni State,
 Nataung, 2,000 m (Bart., 43-180);
 Khasia, Ceylon, Indochina, Malesia, Australia, New Caledonia.

#### PTEROBRYACEAE

LXXVII. Penzigiella Fleisch.

212. P. cordata (Harv.) Fleisch.

B.-Chin Hills, Haka, 2,500 m;

D.—Manglon State, Pang Yang, 1,500 m (Bart., 43-180); Sikkim, Nepal, Khasia, Thailand.

# LXXVIII. Garovaglia Endl.

213. G. densifolia Mitt.

D.-Kareni State, Nataung (Bart., 43-180, sub nom. Endotrichella rigida Dix.);Ceylon, Thailand.

#### LXXIX. Endotrichella C. Muell.

214. E. elegans (Doz. & Molk.) Fleisch.

A.—Dafla Hills, 1,375 m (Dix., 37-781); Formosa, Malesia, Vietnam, Luzon.

# LXXX. Pterobryopsis Fleisch.

215. P. auriculata Dix. (J. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc., XXXIX, 1937, 782)

A.—Charduar, 100 m; South India.

216. P. acuminata (Hook.) Fleisch.

D.—Sinlumbaka (Bart., 43-181); Sikkim, Nepal, Khasia, Nilghiri.

217. P. burmensis Bart. (Rev. Bryol. Lchénol., XXIII, 1954, 251)
D.—South Shan States, 1,500 m;
Endemic.

100 TIXIER

218. P. caudata Bart. (Farlowia, I, 1943, 180)

C.-Tavoy, Mt. Nwalabo, 1,500 m;

D.-Manglon State, Pang Yang, 1,600 m; Kareni State, 2,000 m;Endemic.

219. P. dicranoblasta (C. Muell.) Thér. in Sched. D.—Taunggyi, Hopone (Tix.); Endemic.

P. flexipes (Mitt.) Fleisch.
 D.-Nataung, Kareni State, 2,000 m (Bart., 43-181);
 Nilghiri, Ceylon.

221. P. nematosa (C. Muell.) Dix.C.—Tenasserim, Thawbawleik Mines (Bart., 54-251);Pegu.

222. P. orientalis (C. Muell.) Fleisch.

B.-Chin Hills, Haka, 2,100 m;

D.—South Shan States, Taunggyi, 1,500 m; Manglon State, Pang Yang;

E.—Mt. Popa, 1,000 m (Bart., 43-181); Himalaya, Nilghiri, Indochina.

223. P. undato-pilifera (C. Muell.) Fleisch. nom. nud.
D.—Bhamo (Lev., 91-600 sub nom. Garovaglia undato-pilifera C. Muell.);
Endemic.

# LXXXI. Symphysodontella Fleisch.

224. S. borii Dix. (J. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc., XXXIX, 1937, 782)
A.—Dafla Hills, Tako Senyak, 1,400 m;
Endemic.

225. S. pilifolia Dix. (J. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc., XXXIX, 1937, 782)
A.—Abor Hills, Pankim La;
Endemic.

226. S. subulata Broth.
A.—Tako Senyak, 1,400 m;
Philippines.

227. S. tortifolia Dix. (J. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc., XXXIX, 1937, 782)

A.—Naga Hills, Jawpo, 2,900 m; Endemic.

#### METEORIACEAE

- LXXXII. Papillaria (C. Muell.) C. Muell.
  - 228. P. auriculata Bart. nom. illeg. (Rev. Bryol. Lichénol., XXIII, 1954, 251)

D.—Taunggyi; Endemic.

- 229. P. feae C. Muell. nom. nud.
  - D.-Bhamo (Lev., 91-600); Sikkim, Ceylon.
- 230. P. fuscescens (Hook.) Jaeg.

A.-Some localities (Dix., 37-783);

B.-Chin Hills, Haka, 2,000-2,500 m;

D.—Thandaung, Taungoo, 1,300 m; Kareni State, Nataung, 1,600-2,400 m (Bart., 43-181);
 Himalaya, Ceylon, China, Indochina, Malesia.

- 231. P. lanosa Bart. (Farlowia, 1943, I, 181)
  - D.—Manglon State, Pang Yang; Endemic.
- 232. P. semi-torta (C. Muell.) Jaeg.

A.—Abor Hills, Pankim La (sub nom. Trachypus pendulus Dix. 37-780);

Himalaya, Ceylon, Vietnam, Malesia.

- LXXXIII. Meteorium Doz. & Molk.
  - 233. M. buchanani (Brid.) Fleisch.

A.—Naga Hills, Chingka (Dix., 37-783); Himalaya, Nilghiri, Ceylon, Yunnan.

234. M. squarrulosum C. Muell. D.-Bhamo (Lev., 91-600);

India (?).

102 TIXIER

LXXXIV. Aerobryopsis Fleisch.

235. A. denticulata Dix. (J. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc., XXXIX, 1937, 783)

A.-Naga Hills, Satoi, 2,130 m; Endemic.

236. A. longissima (Doz. & Molk.) Fleisch.

D.—Kengtung State, Mong Yang, 1,200 m (Bart., 43-181); India, Ceylon, Indochina, China, Malesia, Hawaii, Carolines, New Caledonia.

237. A. membranacea (Mitt.) Broth.

A.—Mt. Negrogam (Mitt., Moss. East Ind., 1859, 88); Abor Hills, Rotung (Dix., 14-64); Assam.

LXXXV. Aerobryidium Fleisch.

238. A. aureonitens (Hook.) Broth.

B.-Chin Hills, Mt. Victoria, 3,500 m;

D.-Kentung State, Pang Wai, 2,000 m; Manglon State, Pang Yang; Nam Khan, 1,000 m; Sinlumkaba;

E.—Mt. Popa, 1,200 m (Bart., 43-182); Himalaya, Khasia, Nilghiri.

239. A. filamentosum (Hook.) Fleisch.

D.—Taunggyi, 1,400 m (Tix.); From India to Western Malesia.

LXXXVI. Lindigia Hampe.

240. L. asiatica Dix. (J. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc., XXXIX, 1937, 783)

A.—Him Parbat, 2,000 m;
Endemic.

LXXXVII. Barbella (C. Muell.) Fleisch.

B. burmensis Bart. (Farlowia, I, 1943, 182)
 B.—Chin Hills, Haka, 2,500 m.
 Endemic.

242. B. enervis (Thw. & Mitt.) Fleisch.

D.-Kengtung State, Mong Yang, 1,200 m (Bart., 43-182); Himalaya, Ceylon, Philippines, Australia, Lord Howe Island, New Caledonia. 243. B. pendula (Sull.) Fleisch.

D.—Kengtung State, Mong Yang (Bart., 43-182); Ceylon, Malesia, China, Japan, Southern U.S.A.

244. B. stevensii (Ren. & Card.) Fleisch.
D.-Sinlumkaba (Bart., 43-182);
Sikkim.

#### LXXXVIII. Floribundaria C. Muell.

245. F. aurea (Mitt.) Broth.

 A.—Sino-Burmese confines, Tamai River, Adung River (Bart., 43-182)
 Himalaya, Bhotan, Java, Celebes, Ceram, Japan.

246. F. floribunda (Doz. & Molk.) Fleisch.

B.-Chin Hills, Haka, 2,700 m;

D.—Manglon State, Pang Yang, 1,200 m; Sinbumkaba, 2,200 m (Bart., 43-182);

Africa, Malesia, Indochina, India, Japan and to Hawaii and New Hebrides.

### LXXXIX. Chrysocladium Fleisch.

247. C. horridum Dix. (J. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc., XXXIX, 1937, 783)

A.—Naga Hills, Jawpo; Endemic.

#### XC. Meteoriella Okam.

248. M. soluta (Mitt.) Okam.

A.—Abor Hills, Pankim La (Dix., 37-781 sub nom. Jaegerinopsis integrifolia); Sikkim, Japan.

### XCI. Meteoriopsis Fleisch.

249. M. ancistrodes (Ren. & Card.) Broth. E.-Mt. Popa, 1,200 m (Bart., 43-183); Himalaya, Formosa.

250. M. reclinata (C. Muell.) Fleisch.

A.—Some collections in Assam (Dix., 37-784);

D.—South Shan States, Taunggyi, 1,500 m; Manglon State, 1,500 m; Kengtung State, Mong Yang, 1,100 m; Nilghiri, Ceylon, Java, Celebes, Philippines, Vietnam, Formosa, 251. M. squarrosa (Hook.) Fleisch.

A.-Rotung, Abor Hills (Dix., 14-64);

D.—South Shan States, Taunggyi, 1,100 m (Bart., 54-250);
 Manglon State, Pang Yang, 1,500 m; Nam Kaham (Bart., 43-183);
 Taunggyi Hopone (Tix.);

Himalaya, Ceylon, Malaya and Western Malesia, Thailand, Java, Vietnam, Philippines.

## XCII. Aerobryum Doz. & Molk.

252. A. speciosum (Doz. & Molk.) Doz. & Molk.

A.—Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, Pestiferous Camp, 1,100 m (Dix., 37-784)

Himalaya, Ceylon, Malesia, China.

#### NECKERACEAE

## XCIII. Calyptothecium Mitt.

253. C. burmense Bart. (Farlowia, I, 1943, 183)

D.—Manglon State, Pang Yang, 1,500 m; Endemic.

254. C. himantocladoides Bart.

C.—Tavoy, Mt. Nwalabo, 1,500 m (Bart., 43-183); Philippines.

255. C. cf. mysorense (Broth.) Dix. nom. nud.

A.—Charduar, Assam (Dix., 37-784); India (?).

256. C. urvilleanum (C. Muell.) Broth.

A.—Him Parbat, 2,000 m; Aka Hills, Bompur La, 1,800 m (Dix., 37-784); Sino-Burmese confines, valley of Tamai River;

B.—Chin Hills, Haka, 2,500 m (Bart., 43-183); India, Malesia, Fijii, Carolines, Samoa, Tahiti, Ceylon, Vietnam, China.

257. C. wightii Mitt. (Mos. East Ind., 1859, 85)

B.-Chittagong, Kaptai (Tix., 67-4);

E.—Rangoon (Mitt., 59-85); Thailand, Laos, Vietnam.

### XCIV. Neckera Hedw.

258. N. crenulata Harv.

B.-Falam, Taungteik, 1,500 m;

D.—Manglon State, Pang Yang (Bart., 43-183); Himalaya, Khasia.

259. N. himalayana Mitt.

A.-Naga Hills, Japwo, 2,400 m (Dix., 37-784);

B.—Haka, 2,000 m (Bart., 43-183); Sikkim, Thailand, North Vietnam, Luzon.

## XCV. Neckeropsis Reichdt.

260. N. acutata Fleisch.

A.—Abor Hills, Egar, 1,300 m (Dix., 14-64); South-East Asia.

261. N. crinita (Griff.) Fleisch.

A.-Abor Hills, between Yambung and Sissim, 300 m (Dix., 14-64);

Ceylon, Himalaya, Assam, North Vietnam, Philippines, Thailand.

262. N. gracilenta (Bosch & Lac.) Fleisch.

A.—Assam, Naziranga (Tix., 67-4); Thailand, Malesia, New Guinea, Samoa.

263. N. parishania (Mitt.) Fleisch.

C.—Moulmein (Mitt., 59-121);

Endemic.

## XCVI. Himantocladium (Mitt.) Fleisch.

264. H. cyclophyllum (C. Muell.) Fleisch.

A.—Assam, Naziranga (Tix., 67-5); Malesia, New Guinea, Tahiti.

265. H. plumula (Nees) Fleisch.

A.-Assam, Him Parbat, 1,800 m (Dix., 37-785);

B.-Chittagong, Kaptai (Tix., 67-5);

C.—Tenasserim, Thawbawleik Mines (Bart., 54-251); Indochina, Malesia, New Caledonia. 266. H. scabrisetum Dix. (J. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc., XXXIX, 1937, 785)

A.—Naga Hills; Endemic.

267. H. urocladum (Mitt.) Fleisch.

E.—Rangoon (Mitt., Moss. East Ind., 1859, 122); Endemic.

#### XCVII. Homaliodendron Fleisch.

268. H. exiguum (Bosch & Lac.) Fleisch.

D.-Manglon State, Pang Yang, 1,500 m;Himalaya, Ceylon, Malesia, Indochina, New Guinea, Australia.

269. H. flabellatum (Sm.) Fleisch.

A. Abor Hills, Egar (Dix., 14-64); Dafla Hills, Tako Senyak, 1,200 m (Dix., 37-785);

B.-Haka, 2,300 m;

D.—Nam Khok State, Lok Naing Sampu, 2,200 m; Sinlum-kaba, 2,200 m (Bart., 43-184);
 India, Ceylon, Malesia, Japan, Pacific islands.

270. H. longisetum Dix. (J. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc., XXXIX, 1937, 785)

A.- Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 2,900-3,000 m; Endemic.

271. H. microdendron (Mont.) Fleisch.

A.—Abor Hills, between Yambung and Sissim, 300 m (Dix., 14-64);

B.-Chin Hills, Haka, 2,300 m (Bart., 43-184);

D.—South Shan States (Bart., 54-251); Sikkim, Khasia, Bhotan, Yunnan, Indochina, Philippines, Formosa.

272. H. montagneum (C. Muell.) Fleisch.

A.—Assam, Him Parbat, 1,800 m (Dix., 37-785), Nilghiri, Assam, Szechwan.

273. H. scalpellifolium (Mitt.) Fleisch.

A.—Abor Hills, Pankim La; Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 2,730 m; Naga Hills, Jawpo, 2,300 m (Dix., 37-785); Ceylon, Indochina, Malesia, China, Japan.

## XCVIII. Handeliobryum Broth.

274. H. assamicum Dix. (J. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc., XXXIX, 1937, 785)

A.—Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 2,700 m; Land Endemic.

### XCIX. Pinnatella (Mitt.) Fleisch.

275. P. alopecuroides (Hook.) Fleisch.

D.—Gok Teik Gorge (Bart., 54-251); Between Taunggyi and Hopone, 1,000 m (Tix.);
Sikkim, North Vietnam, Thailand, Ceylon, Sumbawa, Luzon.

276. P. kurziana (Hpe.) Fleisch.

B.—Chittagong, Sitakund (Tix., 67-5);

Sikkim, North Vietnam, Thailand.

#### C. Thamnium B.S.G.

277. T. subseriatum (Hook.) Mitt.

B.—Chin Hills, Haka, 2,300 m (Bart., 43-184);

Himalaya, Ceylon, Philippines.

285. S. complanered Dix. (Rev. Bot Surv. India, VI. 1914; 3, 65)

# HOOKERIACEAE

### CI. Daltonia Hook. & Tayl.

278. D. gemmipara Dix. (J. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc., XXXIX, 1937, 786)

A.—Naga Hills, Pulebudze, 1,850 m; Endemic.

279. D. marginata Griff.

A.—Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 2,600 m; Khasia.

280. D. perlaxiretis Dix. (J. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc., XXXIX, 1937, 786)

A.—Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 2,300 m; Endemic.

# CII. Distichophyllum Doz. & Molk.

A —Abor Hills, Egar (Dix., 14-66); Himalaya.

CIII. Hookeria Sm.

282. H. acutifolia Hook.

A.—Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 2,700-3,300 m (Dix., 37-786); Himalaya, Indochina, Guadeloupe, South America.

CIV. Chaetomitrium Doz. & Molk.

283. C. philippinense (Mont.) Doz. & Molk.

B.—Chittagong, Kaptai (Tix., 67-4); Java, Ceram, Mindanao, Southern Indochina.

CV. Chaetomitriopsis Fleisch.

284. C. glaucocarpa (Schwaegr.) Fleisch.

A.-Abor Hills, Janak Stream (Dix., 14-70); Pankim La (Dix., 37-786);

Sikkim, Java, Formosa, Celebes, Luzon, Mindanao, Thailand, Laos, Vietnam.

#### SYMPHYODONTACEAE

CVI. Symphyodon Mont.

285. S. complanatus Dix. (Rec. Bot. Surv. India, VI, 1914, 3, 65) A.-Abor Hills, Egar and Serpo; Endemic.

286. S. orientalis (Mitt.) Par.

A.-Assam sup. (Mitt., 59-110); Endemic.

287. S. scabrisetus Dix. (Rec. Bot. Surv. India, VI, 1914, 3, 66)

A.-Abor Hills, Lalik Valley, 900 m (Dix., 14-66); Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 2,700-3,000 m; Dafla Hills, Tako Senyak, 1,400 m;

Assam, Thailand.

#### HYPOPTERYGIACEAE

CVII. Hypopterygium Brid.

288. H. flavo-limbatum C. Muell.

A.-Abor Hills, Serpo River, Rotung between 900 and 1,000 m (Dix., 14-68); Himalaya.

## CVIII. Cyathophorella (Broth.) Fleisch.

289. C. adiantum (Griff.) Fleisch.

B.—Lushai Hills (Fisher 35-161); Himalaya, Khasia, Luzon.

290. C. burkillii (Dix.) Broth. (Rec. Bot. Surv. India, VI, 1914, 3, 67)

A.—Abor Hills, Rebang, 900 m (Dix., 14-67); Endemic.

291. C. intermedia (Mitt.) Broth.

A.—Balipara Frontier Tract, foot of the Aka Hills, 300 m (Dix., 37-786);
Himalaya.

### CIX. Dendrocyathophorum Dix.

292. D. paradoxum (Broth.) Dix.

A.—Assam, Him Parbat (Dix., 37-786); China.

## THELIACEAE

## CX. Myurella B.S.G. and A and complete and page 19 multipages 19 MX5

293. M. julacea (Schwaegr.) B.S.G.

D.—Bhamo (Lev., 91-601); From Western Europe to China.

#### LESKEACEAE

#### CXI. Regmatodon Brid.

294. R. feanus C. Muell. nom. sol. (Bull. Soc. Bot. Ital., XXIII, 1891, 601)

D.-Bhamo (Lev., 91-601); Endemic.

295. R. declinatus (Hook.) Brid.

D.-Taunggyi (Bart., 54-251); Nepal, Khasia.

296. R. polycarpus (Griff.) Mitt.

A. – Assam (Mitt., 59-127); N.W. Himalaya, Sikkim, Khasia.

297. R. orthostegius (Griff.) Mitt.
A.—Assam (Mitt., 59-127);
Nilghiri, Ceylon.

### CXII. Leskea Hedw.

298. L. perstricta Dix. (Rec. Bot. Surv. India, VI, 1914, 3, 67)
A.—Abor Hills, Rotung (Dix., 14-69);
Endemic.

### CXIII. Pseudoleskeopsis Broth.

299. P. decurvata (Mitt.) Broth.
A.-Somma, 100 m (Dix., 37-787);
China, Japan.

## THUIDIACEAE

## CXIV. Anomodon Hook. & Tayl.

300. A. minor (Hedw.) Fuernr. var. integerrimus (Mitt.) Iwat.

D.—South Shan States, Taunggyi, 1,400 m (Bart., 54-252;
Tix.);
Himalaya, China, Sovietic Far East, Korea, Japan.

## CXV. Claopodium (Lesq. & James) Ren. & Card.

301. C. assurgens (Sull. & Lesq.) Card.

A.—Abor Hills, Kobo (Dix., 14-69); Dulumgmukh (Dix., 37-787);

D. Hopone Road, 1,000 m (Tix.); Himalaya, Java, Cambodia, China, Formosa, Japan, Korea.

302. C. nervosum (Harv.) Fleisch.

A.—Balipara Frontier Tract, foot of the Aka Hills (Dix., 37-787)

D.—South Shan States, Taunggyi, 1,500 m (Bart., 43-184; 54-252);

E.-Mt. Popa, 1,000 m (Bart., 43-184); Himalaya, Ceylon, Malesia, China, Korea, Japan.

## CXVI. Haplocladium (C. Muell.) C. Muell.

303. H. angustifolium (C. Muell. & Hamp.) Broth.
A.—Naga Hills (Dix., 37-787);
Khasia, South Africa.

- 304. H. microphyllum (Hedw.) Broth.

  A.—Assam, Naziranga (Tix., 67-5);

  Cosmopolitan.
- 305. H. microphyllum (Hedw.) Broth. spp. capillatum Mitt.

  A.—Assam (Mitten sub nom. Leskea obscuriula, 59-131);

  Cosmopolitan.
- 306. H. stratosum (Mitt.) Dix.

  A.-Upper Assam, Suddya (Mitt., 59-131);

  Endemic.

## CXVII. Pelekium Mitt.

307. P. tenue Fleisch.

A.—Aka Hills, 300 m (Dix., 37-787); Celebes.

308. P. velatum Mitt.

A.-Abor Hills: Kobo, Puak, 200 m; Serpo River 600 m (Dix., 14-69);

D.—Taunggyi, 1,400 m, Hopone, 1,000 m (Tix.); Indochina, Malesia, Pacific to New Hebrides and Samoa.

#### CXVIII. Thuidium B.S.G.

309. T. asperulisetum Ren. & Card.

A.—Balipara Frontier Tract, foot of Aka Hills, 300 m; Naga Hills, Pulebudze, 600 m (Dix., 37-787); Sikkim.

310. T. brotherii Salm.

A.—Abor Hills, Pankim La (Dix., 37-787); South India.

- 311. T. burmense Bart. (Rev. Bryol. Lichénol., XXIII, 1964, 252)
  D.-South Shan States, Taunggyi, 1,500 m;
  Endemic.
  - 312. T. cygnisetum Jaeg. nom. nud.
    D.-Leingo (Lev., 91-601);
    Endemic.

- 313. T. cymbifolium (Doz. & Molk.) Doz. & Molk.
  - A.—Some collections (Dix., 37-787); Rotung, 1,100 m (Dix., 14-64); Sino-Burmese confines (Bart., 43-185);
  - B.-Chin Hills, Haka, 2,300 m;
  - D.—Manglon State, Pang Yang, 1,500 m; Falam, Taungteik, 1,500 m; Kengtung State, Pang Wai, 2,000 m; Sinlumkaba;
  - E.—Mt. Popa, 1,100 m (Bart., 43-185); From Himalaya to Manchuria and from Ceylon to Philippines.
- 314. T. glaucinum (Mitt.) Bosch & Lac.
  - A.—Assam;
    India, China, Japan, Formosa, Ceylon, Indochina, Malesia.
- 315. T. glaucinoides Broth.
  - D.-Kengtung State, Mong Yang, 1,100 m (Bart., 43-184); Indochina, China, Japan, Formosa, Malesia, New Guinea, New Hebrides, New Caledonia, Fiji, Samoa, Carolines.
- 316. T. investe (Mitt.) Jaeg.
  - C.-Moulmein (Mitt, 59-135);
  - C.—Lawk-Sawk State: Ai-Shai-Myin, Ah-Naught-Myin (Bart., 43-184); Maymyo (Bart., 54-252); Philippines.
  - 317. T. meyenianum (Hpe.) Doz. & Molk.
    - A.-Charduar, 1934 (Dix., 37-787);
    - B.-Chittagong; Kaptai, Cox's Bazar (Tix., 67-5);
- D.—Gotiek; Naungkhio, Hsipau, 900 m; Manglon State,
  Pang Yang, 1,400 m (Bart., 43-184);
  Himalaya, Ceylon, Vietnam, Philippines, Sumatra, Java,
  New Guinea, Solomon islands, New Hebrides, New
  Caledonia.
  - 318. T. orientale Mitt.
    - A.—Aka Hills, Bhalukpung, 300 m (Dix., 37-787); Penang.

T. subpellucens Dix. (J. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc., XXXIX, 1937. 787)

> A.-Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 2,750 m; Endemic.

320. T. striinerve C. Muell, nom. sol. C.-Dawna Range, near Mt. Moolegit (Lev., 91-601); Endemic.

T. tamariscellum (C. Muell.) Bosch & Lac. 321. D.-South Shan State, Taunggyi, 1,300 m (Bart., 43-183; 54-252): Nilghiri, Vietnam, Thailand, Java, Philippines.

T. trachyaron (C. Muell.) Par. nom. sol. D.-Bhamo (Rev., 91-601); Himalaya.

CXIX. Actinothuidium (Besch.) Broth.

323. A. hookerii (Mitt.) Broth.

A.-Naga Hills, Japwo, 2,750-3,000 m (Dix., 37-787); Himalaya, Yunnan, Khasia.

#### AMBLYSTEGIACEAE

CXX. Ortholimnobium Dix. (J. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc., XXXIX, 1937, 789)

324. O. borii Dix.

> A.—Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 2,300 m (Dix., 37-788); Endemic.

CXXI. Amblystegium B.S.G.

325. A. sparsile (Mitt.) Jaeg. A.-Assam (Mitt., 59-82);

Endemic.

CXXII. Platyhypnidium Fleisch.

326. P. muellerii (Jaeg.) Fleisch.

A.—Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 3,000-3,500 m (Dix., 37-788); D.-South Shan States: Taunggyi, Hopone (Tix.); Sumatra, Java, Luzon, Thailand.

327. P. muellerii (Jaeg.) Fleisch. var. minus Dix. (J. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc., XXXIX, 1937, 788)

A.—Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 2,900 m (Dix., 37-788); Endemic.

#### BRACHYTHECIACEAE

CXXIII. Homalothecium B.S.G.

328. H. incompletum (Griff.) Jaeg.
A.—Assam (Mitt., 59-77);
Endemic.

CXXIV. Palamocladium (C. Muell.) Britt.

329. P. leskoides (Hook.) Britt.

A.—Assam (Mitt., 59-77);

Central and South America (?).

## CXXV. Brachythecium B.S.G.

330. B. buchanani (Hook.) Jaeg.

A.—Assam (Mitt., 59-78); Naga Hills, Kanyang, 1,700 m (Dix., 37-778);

B.-Haka, Sin Khoa, 1,100 m;

D.—South Shan States, Taunggyi, 1,400 m (Bart., 43-185; 54-252); Kengtung State, Pang Wai, 1,800 m; Kareni State, Nataung;

E.-Mt. Popa, Myin Gyan, 1,000 m (Bart.)Himalaya, Assam, Philippines, Vietnam, China, Japan,Philippines, New Guinea, Java.

331. B. longicuspidatum (Mitt.) Jaeg.

Sikkim.

B.—Haka, Zokhua, 1,300 m (Bart., 43-185); D.—South Shan States, Kalaw (Bart., 54-252);

## CXXVI. Rhynchostegium B.S.G.

R. celebicum (Lac.) Jaeg.
 D.-South Shan States, Kalaw (Bart., 54-252);
 Indochina and Malesia.

333. R. duthieii (C. Muell.) Dix.
A.—Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 2,900-3,300 m (Dix., 37-789);
Himalaya.

334. R. herbaceum (Mitt.) Jaeg.

A.—Abor Hills: Kolo, Egar, 1,000 m, between Yambung and Sissim (Dix., 14-75); Balipara Frontier Tract, foot of Aka Hills; Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 1,700 m; Naga Hills, Wokka Hills, 1,850 m, Khuvu Bu, 1,500 m; Sikkim, Ceylon, Thailand.

335. R. hookerii Jaeg.

A.—Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, Pestiferous Camp (Dix., 37-789); Sikkim, Ceylon.

336. R. pellucidum Dix. (J. Bombay Nat. Hist, Soc., XXXIX, 1937, 789)

A.—Naga Hills, Pulebudze; Endemic.

## CXXVII. Rhynchostegiella (B.S.G.) Limpr.

337. R. assamica Card. & Dix. (Rec. Bot. Surv. India, VI, 1914, 3, 72)

A.—Abor Hills: Kekir Monnying, 250 m, Yambung Gorge (Dix., 14-72); Charduar, 200 m (Dix., 37-788); Endemic.

338. R. complanata Dix. (J. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc., XXXIX, 1937, 788)

A.—Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 200 m; Endemic,

339. R. menadensis (Lac.) Bart.

D.—Hopone, on rocks (Tix.); Indochina, Malesia, New Hebrides.

340. R. scabriseta (Schwaegr.) Broth.

A.—Abor Hills, Pankim La (Dix., 37-788); Endemic.

## CXXVIII. Eurhynchium B.S.G.

341. E. dumosum (Mitt.) Jaeg.

A.—Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 2,900-3,300 m (Dix., 37-788); Sikkim.

#### ENTODONACEAE

## CXXIX. Erythrodontium Hampe.

342. E. julaceum (Schwaegr.) Par.

A.—Assam (Mitt., 59-92) Many collections in Assam (Dix., 37-788); Naziranga (Tix., 67-5);

C.-Moulmein (Mitt., 67-5);

D.—Namkhok, 1,000 m; Taunggyi, 1,500 m (Bart., 43-185); 37 collections (Bart., 54-252); Taunggyi (Tix.); India, Ceylon, Yunnan, Indochina, Malesia.

## CXXX. Trachyphyllum Gepp.

343. T. inflexum (Harv.) Gepp.

B.-Chittagong, Kaptai (Tix., 67-5);

D.—Hsipaw State, Naung Khio, 900 m (Bart., 43-185); Maymyo-Lashi Road and Mandalay-Maymyo, Bhamo Road (Bart., 54-252); Taunggyi (Tix.,); India, Indochina, Philippines, New Caledonia.

344. T. hoponense P. Tix. nom. sol.
D.-Hopone Road (Tix.);

Endemic.

## CXXXI. Campylodontium Doz. & Molk.

345. C. flavescens (Hook.) Bosch & Lac.

A.-Assam, Him Parbat, 2,000 m (Dix., 37-790);

D.-Bhamo (Lev., 91-601); Manglon State, Pang Yang,
 1,500m (Bart., 43-185); nine collections (Bart., 54-252);
 Taunggyi (Tix.);
 India, Ceylon, Indochina, Malesia, Australia.

### CXXXII. Hondaella (Dix. & Sak.).

346. H. cf. caperata (Mitt.) Ando

D.—Taunggyi-Hopone Road (Tix.);
Thailand, Laos.

#### CXXXIII. Rozea Besch.

347. R. pterogonoides (Hook.) Jaeg.

B.—Chin Hills, Mt. Victoria, 3,000 m (Bart., 43-185); Yunnan, Himalaya, Luzon.

#### CXXXIV. Entodon C. Muell.

348. E. flavescens (Hook.) Jaeg.

A.-Assam (Mitt., 59-108, sub nom. Stereodon rubicundus); Naga Hills, Chingku, 2,600 m (Dix., 37-789);

D.-South Shan States, Taunggyi, 1,500 m (Bart., 43-186; 54-253; Tix.); Nepal.

349. E. griffithii (Mitt.) Jaeg.

A.—Upper Assam (Mitt., 59-108); Endemic. 350. E. luridus (Griff.) Jaeg.

A.—Abor Hills, Pankim La (Dix., 37-789); Himalaya (?).

351. E. ovicarpus Dix. (J. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc., XXXIX, 1937, 789)

A.—Abor Hills, Pankim La, 300-2,900 m (Dix., 37-789); Endemic.

352. E. plicatus C. Muell.

A.—Assam (Mitt., 59-106); Newly, 300 m, Dafla Hills (Dix., 37-789);

B.-Haka, Zokhua, 1,400 m;

D.—Manglon State, Pang Yang, 1,400-1,800 m; Kengtung State, Mong Yang, 1,000 m; Hopong State, Hopong; Thibaw State, Naung khio, 900 m (Bart., 43-186); South Shan State, Taunggyi (Bart., 43-186 & 54-253); India, Ceylon, Vietnam, Philippines, Celebes.

353. E. prorepens (Mitt.) Jaeg.

A.-Assam (Mitt., 59-107);

D.—South Shan States: Taunggyi, Kalaw (Bart., 54-253); Himalaya, Assam.

#### PLAGIOTHECIACEAE

CXXXV. Stereophyllum Mitt.

354. S. anceps (Bosch & Lac.) Broth.

A.-Charduar (Dix., 37-790);

B.-Chittakong, Sitakund, Kaptai (Tix., 67-5);

C.-Mergui (Bart., 54-253);

D.—Maymyo-Lashio Road (Bart., 54-253); Java, Luzon, Vietnam, Thailand.

355. S. ligulatum C. Muell.

D.—Taunggyi-Hopone Road (Tix.); South India, Laos, Luzon.

356. S. tavoyense (Hook.) Jaeg.

C.-Tavoy (Mitt., 59-82); twelve collections (Bart., 54-253);

E.—Mt. Popa, 1,100 m (Bart., 43-186); India, Thailand.

357. S. wightii (Mitt.) Jaeg.
C.—Moulmein (Mitt., 59-82);
Himalaya, Khasia, South India, Ceylon.

### CXXXVI. Plagiothecium B.S.G.

358. P. neckeroideum B.S.G.

A.—Naga Hills, Jawpo, 2,750 m (Dix., 37-793); From the Alps to Sikkim and Japan.

359. P. svihlae Bart. (Rev. Bryol. Lichénol., XXIII, 1954, 253)
D.-Kalaw;
Endemic.

## SEMATOPHYLLACEAE

## CXXXVII. Aptychella Herz.

- A. borii Dix. (J. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc., XXXIX, 1937, 790)
   A.—Naga Hills, Pulebudze, 1,850 m;
   Endemic.
- 361. A. planula (Mitt.) Fleisch.
   A.—Naga Hills, Chingku, 2,500 m (Dix., 37-790);
   Himalaya, Philippines, Java, Japan, Hawaii.

## CXXXVIII. Clastobryum Doz. & Molk.

- 362. C. dickasonii Bart. (Farlowia, I, 1943, 186)

  B.-Chin Hills, Saw Chaung, 1,800 m;

  Endemic.
- 363. C. indicum Doz. & Molk.

  D.—Taunggyi-Hopone Road, 1,000 m (Tix.);

  Thailand, Java, Formosa, Japan.
- 364. C. subplanulum Broth.

  A.—Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 2,500-3,000 m (Dix., 37-790);

  Himalaya.

## CXXXIX. Hageniella Broth.

365. H. isopterygoides Dix. (J. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc., XXXIX, 1937, 791)

A.—Naga Hills, Chungku, 2,650 m; Endemic. 366. H. assamica Dix. (J. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc., XXXIX, 1937, 790)

A.—Naga Hills, Jawpo, 2,750 m; Endemic.

### CXL. Pylaisiopsis Broth.

367. P. speciosa (Wils.) Broth.

A.—Naga Hills (Dix., 37-790); Sikkim, South India (?).

#### CXLI. Acanthocladium Broth.

368. A. baculiferum Dix. (J. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc., XXXIX, 1937, 791)

A.-Naga Hills, Jawpo, 2,730 m (Dix., 37-791);

D.—Kareni State, Nataung, 1,500 m; Manglon State, 1,600 m; Kengtung State, Mong Pawk, 1,100 m; South Shan States (Bart., 43-186 & 54-234);

Assam, Thailand, Vietnam.

369. A. benguetense Broth. var. latifolium Bart. (Farlowia, I, 1943, 187)

D.-Kareni State, Nataung, 1,600 m; Endemic. Luzon for species.

370. A. penicillatum (Mitt.) Broth.

A.—Abor Hills, Pankim La; Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 2,700-3,300 m, idem Bompur La, 1,800 m; Naga Hills, Jawpo, 2,700 m (Dix., 37-791);
Sikkim, Bhotan.

371. A. tanytrichum (Mont.) Broth.

A.—Aka Hills, Mt. Piri; Bompur, 18,00 m (Dix., 37-791); Sikkim, Sumatra, Java.

## CXLII Trismegistia (C. Muell.) Broth.

372. T. grossi-serrata (C. Muell.) Fleisch. nom. nud.
 C.-Dawna range, near Mt. Moolegit (Lev., 91-601);
 Endemic.

#### CXLIII. Meiothecium Mitt.

373. M. microcarpum (Hook.) Mitt.

A.—Charduar (Dix., 37-792);
Nepal, Ceylon, Indochina, Malesia, New Guinea, New Caledonia.

374. M. turgidellum Fleisch.

C.—Tenasserim, Thawbawleik Mines (Bart., 54-253); Java.

### CXLIV. Meiotheciopsis Broth.

375. M. burmensis P. Tix. nom. sol.

D.—Taunggyi-Hopone Road, 1,000 m (Tix.); Endemic.

### CXLV. Brotherella Loeske ex Fleisch.

376. B. amblystegia (Mitt.) Broth.

A.—Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 2,700-3,300 m; Naga Hills, Jawpo, 2,750-3,300 m (Dix., 37-792); Sikkim.

377. B. ervthrocaulis (Mitt.) Fleisch,

A.—Abor Hills, Pankim La (Dix., 37-792); Sino-Burmese Confines, Adung Valley (Bart., 43-187); Sikkim, Bhotan, Yunnan.

378. B. filiformis Dix. (J. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc., XXXIX, 1937, 792)

A.—Naga Hills, Japwo, 2,750 m, Purobami, 2,300 m; Endemic.

379. B. falcata (Doz. & Molk.) Fleisch.

A.—Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 3,000 m (Dix., 37-792); Malesia, Vietnam, Formosa, New Guinea.

### CXLVI. Raphidorrhynchium Besch.

380. R. confertissimum (Mitt.) Besch.

A.-Assam (Mitt. Moss. East Ind., 1859, 102); Endemic.

## CXLVII. Sematophyllum Mitt.

381. S. microcladiellum Fleisch.

C - Tenasserim, Thawbawleik Mines (Bart., 54-253); Thailand, Borneo, Celebes, New Guinea. 382. S. subconnivens (Broth.) Bart.

D.—South Shan States, Taunggyi (Bart., 54-253); Thailand.

383. S. subhumile (C. Muell.) Fleisch.

C.-Mergui, Pahtaw Islands (Bart., 54-253);

D.-Manglon State, Pang Yang, 1,500 m (Bart., 43-187);
 Kalaw, Maymyo (Bart., 54-243); Taunggyi (Tix.);
 India, Ceylon, Indochina, Java, Sumatra, Fukien.

384. S. tristiculum (Mitt.) Fleisch.

A.-Upper Assam (Mitt., Moss. East Ind., 1859, 102);

D.-Manglon State, Pang Yang, 1,500 m (Bart., 43-187);
Taunggyi (Bart., 54-253; Tix.);
Khasia Assam Ceylon Thailand Java Vietnam Phi

Khasia, Assam, Ceylon, Thailand, Java, Vietnam, Philippines.

## CXLVIII. Raphidostichum Fleisch.

385. R. glauco-virens (Mitt.) Broth.

A.—Upper Assam, Gowong (Mitt., Moss. East Ind., 1859, 103);

Assam.

## CXLIX. Trichosteleum (Mitt.) Jaeg.

386. T. boschii (Doz. & Molk.) Jaeg.

A.—Assam, Dharibati, 100 m (Dix., 37-792); Thailand, Indochina, Malesia.

387. T. hamatum (Doz. & Molk.) Jaeg.

A.—Aka Hills, Bompur La, 1,850 m (Dix., 37-792); South-East Asia to New Guinea, Samoa Islands and New Caledonia.

## CL. Taxithelium Spruc.

388. T. instratum (Brid.) Broth.

 C.-Mergui, Pahtaw Islands; Tenasserim, Thawbawleik Mines (Bart., 54-254);
 Thailand, Cambodia, Vietnam, Malesia, New Guinea.

389. T. kerianum (Broth.) Broth.

A.—Balipara Frontier Tract, foot of Aka Hills (Dix., 37-254);

Thailand, Vietnam, Cambodia, Malaya, Java, Philippines; New Guinea, Queensland. 390. T. laeviusculum Dix. (J. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc., XXXIX, 1937, 793);

A.—Him Parbat, 2,000 m; Endemic.

391. T. nepalense (Schwaegr.) Broth.

B.-Chittagong; Sitakund, Kaptai (Tix., 67-5);

E.—Rangoon (Bart., 43-187 and 54-254); India, Ceylon, Indochina, Malesia.

392. T. vernieri (Duby) Besch.

B.—Chittagong, Kaptai (Tix., 67-5);
South Indochina, Malesia, New Guinea.

#### HYPNACEAE

## CLI. Foreauella Dix. & Varde

393. F. orthothecia (Schwaegr.) Dix.

A.-Satai, 200 m (Dix. 37-792);

D.-Thibaw State, Naungkhio, 800 m; Kengtung State, Mong Yang, 1,100 m; South Shan States, Taunggyi, 900 m (Bart., 43-188; 54-255; Tix.);
Thailand, Luzon.

## CLII. Platygyrium B.S.G.

394. P. caudatum Bart. (Rev. Bryol. Lichénol., XXIII, 1954, 254)
D.-South Shan States, Taunggyi;
Burma, Thailand.

## CLIII. Hypnum Hedw.

395. H. binervosum Dix. (J. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc., XXXIX, 1937, 793)

A.—Naga Hills, Jawpo, 2,750-3,300 m; Endemic,

396. H. plumaeforme Wils.

D.-Kengtung State, Mong Yang, 1,000 m; Manglon State,
Pang Yang (Bart., 43-187);
Japan, Korea, China, Formosa, Tonkin.

### CLIV. Ectropothecium Mitt.

- 397. E. buitenzorgii (Bel.) Mitt.
  - A.—Dafla Hills, Tako Senyak, 1,400 m (Dix., 37-793); South-East Asia.
- 398. E. burmense Bart. (Rev. Bryol. Lichénol., XXIII, 1954, 254)
  D.—South Shan State, Taunggyi (Bart., 54-254);
  Endemic.
- 399. E. compressifolium (Mitt.) Jaeg.
  C.—Moulmein (Mitt., 59-99);
  Khasia.
- 400. E. cyperoides (Hook.) Jaeg.

  A.—Abor Hills, Janakmukh, Janak Stream (Dix., 14-70);

  Nepal, Assam, Ceylon, Malesia, Carolines.
- 401. E. dealbatum (Reinw. & Hornsch.) Jaeg.

  A.—Balipara Frontier Tract, foot of Aka Hills (Dix., 37-793);
  - D.—South Shan States, Taunggyi (Bart., 23-187 & 54-254); Maymyo, Bhamo (Bart., 54-254); Sumatra, Java, Borneo, Philippines.
- 402. E. ichnotocladum (C. Muell.) Jaeg.

  D.-South Shan States, Kalaw (Bart, 54-254); Taunggyi (Tix.);

  Malesia, Indochina
- 403. E. monumentorum (Duby) Jaeg.
   A.—Assam, Naziranga (Tix., 67-6);
   C.—Tenasserim, Thawbawleik Mines (Bart., 54-254);
   Thailand, Malesia, Carolines.
- 404. E. penangense Fleisch.

  D.-Gok Teil Gorge (Bart., 54-254);

  Malaya.
- 405. E. ramuligerum Dix. (J. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc., XXXIX, 1937, 793)

- A.—Balipara Frontier Tract, foot of Aka Hills, 100-300 m; Endemic.
- 406. E. perscabrum P. Tx.

  B.—Chittagong: Kaptai, Sitakund, Cox's Bazar (Tix., 67-6);

  North Vietnam.

### CLV. Isopterygium Mitt.

- 407. I. albescens (Hook.) Jaeg.
  - A.—Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 1,700-3,300 m (Dix., 37-793); Naziranga (Tix., 67-6);
  - C.—Tavoy (Bart., 43-188); South-East Asia to Hawaii and New Caledonia.
- 408. I. assamicum (Mitt.) Jaeg. (Mitt., Moss. East Ind., 1859, 104);
  A.—Assam;
  Endemic.
- 409. I. lignicola (Mitt.) Jaeg. (Mitt., Moss. East Ind., 1859, 104);
  A.—Assam;
  South India, Ceylon, Pegu, Thailand.
- 410. I. minutirameum (C. muell.) Jaeg.

  A.—Abor Hills, Janakmukh (Dix., 14-72);

  D.—Bhamo (Bart., 54-254);

  South-East Asia.
- 411. I. pallidulum (Mitt.) Jaeg.
  A.-Charduar (Dix., 37-793);
  Assam.
- 412. I. pohliaecarpum (Sull. & Lesq.) Iwat.

  A.—Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 1,700-3,300 m (Dix., 37-793);

  B.—Chin Hills, Wunba Taung (Bart, 43-188);

  D.—Hopone, 1,000 m (Tix.);

  South-East Asia, Pacific, North America.
- 413. I. trichocaule (C. Muell.) Par. nom. nud.
  D.—Leinzo (Lashio?) (Lev., 91-601);
  Endemic.

## CLVI. Taxiphyllum Fleisch.

414. T. taxirameum (Mitt.) Fleisch (Mitt., Moss. East Ind., 1859, 104)

A.-Upper Assam (Mitt., 59-104);

B.—Chittagong: Sitakund, Kaptai, Cox's Bazar (Tix., 67-6);

C.-Taunggyi, 1,400 m (Tix.);

D.-Tenasserim, Thawbawleik Mines, 30 m (Bart., 54-255); Himalaya, Indochina, Malesia, Formosa, Japan.

### CLVII. Vesicularia (C. Muell.) C. Muell.

415. V. montagnei (Bel.) Broth.

A.-Abor Hills, Kobo (Dix., 14-71);

B.—Cox's Bazar, Chittagong (Tix., 67-6);

D.—Bhamo (Bart., 54-255); Himalaya, Malesia.

416. V. reticulata (Doz. & Molk.) Broth.

A.—Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 2,700-3,300, Satai; Naga Hills, Khuvubhu, 1,300 m (Dix., 67-6);

D.—South Shan States, Lake Inle, 1,000 m (Bart., 54-255);
 Nepal, Sikkim, Khasia, Singapore, Sumatra, Java, Celebes, Philippines.

417. V. succosa (Mitt.) Broth.

A.—Abor Hills: Rotung, 300 m, Kobo (Dix., 14-71); Nepal, Sikkim.

## CLVIII. Ctenidium (Schimp.) Mitt.

418. C. lychnites (Mitt.) Broth.

A.—Naga Hills, Jawpo, 2,750 m (Dix., 37-754); Khasia, Nilghiri, Ceylon.

#### CLIX. Leiodontium Broth.

419. L. complanatum Dix. (J. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc., XXXIX, 1937, 794)

A.—Naga Hills, Jawpo, 2,400 m, Chingku, 2,450 m. Endemic.

#### CLX. Ptilium De Not.

420. P. crista-castrensis (Hedw.) De Not.

A.—Sino Burmese confines, Adung valley, 3,600 m (Bart., 43-188);

Europe, North America, Japan, Yunnan, Sikkim, Caucasus.

#### HYLOCOMIACEAE

### CLXI. Microthamniella Fleisch.

421. M. pilosula (Mitt.) Fleisch. (Mitt., Moss. East Ind., 1859, 113)
A.—Upper Assam;
Khasia, Sikkim.

## CLXII. Leptohymenium Schwaegr.

422. L. dentatum Schwaegr.

A.—Assam (Mitt., 59-119, sub nom. Neckera dentata Griff.); Endemic.

423. L. crenulatifolium (C. Muell.) Par. nom. nud.

C.-Mt. Moolegit, 1,400 to 1,500 m (Lev., Bull. Soc. Bot. Ital., XXII 1891, sub nom. Stenothecium retusifolium C. Muell.);

D.—East of Bhamo (Lev., idem, sub nom. Stenothecium crenulatifolium);

Endemic.

424. L. tenue (Hook.) Schwaegr.

A.-Naga Hills, Jawpo, 2,700-3,300 m (Dix., 37-794);

B.—Haka Hills, Falam, 1,500, idem, 2,300m (Bart., 343-188);

D.-Kareni State, Nadaung, 1,800-2,000 m; Manglon State, Pang Yang, 1,500 m (Bart., 43-188); South Shan States (Bart., 54-255);

North India, Khasia, Philippines.

#### CLXIII. Macrothamnium Fleisch.

425. M. macrocarpum (Reinw. & Hornsch.) Fleisch.

A.—Assam (Mitt., 59-119); Abor Hills, Bapu, 1,100 m (Dix., 14-70); Assam, some collections (Dix., 37-794);

- B.—Chin Hills, Mt. Victoria; Falam, Taungteik, 1,500 m; Haka, 1,900 m;
- D.—Sawk State: Ah Shai Hymnin, Ah Naught, Hymin Lawk, 2,100 m (Bart., 43-188); Manglon State, Pang Yang, 1,500 m; South Shan State, Taunggyi, 1,500 m (Bart., 43-188); idem (Bart., 54-255);

Eastern India, Ceylon, Sumatra, Java, Borneo, Vietnam, Philippines, Hawaii.

- 426. M. submacrocarpum (Ren. & Card.) Fleisch.
  - A.-Assam, some collections (Dix., 37-794);
  - B.-Haka, 2,200 m (Bart., 43-188);
- D.—Taunggyi (Bart., 54-254);

  Khasia, Himalaya.

#### POLYTRICHACEAE

#### CLXIV. Atrichum P. Beauv.

- 427. A. flavisetum Mitt.
- D.—South Shan States, Taunggyi (Bart., 43-189 & 54-255;

Himalaya, Japan.

- 428. A. obtusulum (C. Muell.) Jaeg.
  - A.-Naga Hills, Paona, 2,150 m, Jawpo, 2,450 m (Dix., 37-794);

Himalaya, Central China.

- 429. A. pallidum Ren. & Card.
  - A.—Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 2,700-3,300 m (Dix., 37-795); Sikkim.
- 430. A. undulatum (Hedw.) P. Beauv.
- D.—South Shan States, Taunggyi, 1,500 m (Bart., 43-189 and 54-255);

Cosmopolitan,

### CLXV. Polytrichum Hedw.

431. P. feae (C. Muell.) C. Muell.

C.-Mt. Mootlegit, 1,000 m (Lev., Nuev. Gio. Bot. Ital., XXIII, 1891, 601);
Endemic.

432. P. xanthophyllum Wils.

A.—Sino-Burmese Confines, Adung Valley, 3,600 m (Bart., 43-189); Sikkim.

### CLXVI. Pogonatum P. Beauv.

433. P. contortum (Brid.) Lesq. var. robustum Dix. (J. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc., XXXIX, 1937, 795)

A.—Aka Hills, Mt. Piri, 2,700-3,000 m; Endemic for variety, for the species Japan and North America.

434. P. gymnophyllum Mitt.

B.-Haka, 2,300 m (Bart., 43-189);

D.—Taunggyi, 1,450 m (Tix.);
Himalaya, China, North Vietnam, Formosa, Philippines,
Celebes.

435. P. inflexum (Lindb.) Lac.

B.-Chin Hills, Mt. Victoria, 1,500 m; Falam, Taungteik, 1,500 m; Haka, Zokhua, 1,400 m;

D.—Thandaung, Taunggoo, 1,300 m; Manglon State, Pang Yang, 1,500 m (Bart., 43-189);Japan, Formosa, China, Thailand.

436. P. junghuhnianum (Doz. & Molk.) Doz. & Molk.

B.-Chittagong, Rangamati (Tix., 67-6);

D.—Kareni State, Nataung, 1500 m; South Shan States, Taunggyi, 1,300 m (Bart., 43-189); Taunggyi (Bart., 54-255);

Sikkim, Indochina, Malesia,

- 437. P. macrophyllum Doz. & Molk.
  - A.—Assam (Mitt., 59-152);

Assam, Malesia, Vietnam, Cambodia.

- 438. P. microstomum (Schwaegr.) Brid.
  - A.-Naga Hills, Chingku, 2,600 m (Dix., 37-795);
  - B.-Chin Hills, Wunba Taung, 2,400 m; Falam, Taungteik (Bart., 43-189);

Himalaya, Khasia, Nilghiri, Ceylon, Western China, Philippines.

- 439. P. papillosulum Card. & Dix.
  - A.—Naga Hills, Chingku, 2,600 m (Dix., 37-795); Assam.
- 440. P. proliferum (Griff.) Mitt.
  A.—Charduar (Dix., 37-795);
  Sikkim, Khasia.

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LXX	Acrocryphaea	109	LXXIII	Diaphonodon	110
CXIX	Actinothuidium	125	IIIV	Dicranella	89
LXXXV	Aerobryidium	114	X	Dicranodontium	89
LXXXIA	Aerobryopsis	114	IVX	Dicranoloma	91
XCII	Aerobryum	116	XV	Dicranum	91
CXXI	Amblystegium	125	CII	Distichophyllum	119
IIIVXX	Anoectangium	95	IA	Ditrichum	88
LIII	Anomobryum	102			
CXIV	Anomodon	122	CLIV	Ectropothecium	135
CXXXVII	Aptychella	130	LXXIX	Endotrichella	111
CLXIV	Atrichum	139	CXXXIV	Entodon	128
			LXIII	Erpodium	107
LXXXVII	Barbella	114	CXXIX	Erythrodontium	127
IIAXXX	Barbula	97	CXXVIII	Eurhynchium	127
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LX	Bartramidula	105			
LII	Brachymenium	101	II	Fissidens	85
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CXLV	Brotherella	131	CLI	Foreauella	134
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XCIII	Calyptothecium	116	LXVII	Groutiella	108
CXXXI	Campylodontium	128	XLV	Gymnostomiella	100
VII	Campylopodium	89	XXIX	Gymnostomum	95
IX	Campylopus	89			
CA	Chaetomitriopsis	120	CXXXIX	Hageniella	130
CIV	Chaetomitrium	120	XCAIII	Handeliobryum	119
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CXV	Claopodium	122	XCAI	Himantocladium	117
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CXII	Leskea	122	CLXV	Polytrichum	139
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			CLX	Ptilium	137
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XCI	Meteoriopsis	115	CXTAIII	Raphidostichium	133
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